JSS MAHAVIDYAPEETHA JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED, MYSURU-06

CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

V Semester Scheme of Studies-Diploma in Computer Science and Engineering (C-21)

Pathway	Course Category /Teaching Department	Course Code	Pathway Title		Hours Seme	-	Total contact hrs /Semester	Credits	CI Mai Max		Ma	E-1 arks eory) Min	M	EE-2 arks ctical)	Total Marks	Min Marks for Passing (including CIE marks)	Assigned Grade	Grade Point	SGPA and CGPA
Prog	ram Specializati	on Path	way			_													
1	CSE Specialization	3451	1. Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning (I)	128	64	384	576	24	240	96	60	24	100	40	400	160			
	pathways in emerging	3452	2. Full Stack Development (I)	128	64	384	576	24	240	96	60	24	100	40	400	160			
	areas.Student may select any	3453	3. Cloud Computing (I)	128	64	384	576	24	240	96	60	24	100	40	400	160			
	one of the specializations	3454	4. Cyber Security (I)	128	64	384	576	24	240	96	60	24	100	40	400	160			CGPA
Scie	nce and Research	n Pathwa	ay	L	Т	P	Total	Credits	CII	E Mar	ks		SEE Ma	rks					Both SGPA &
								ິວ	Ma	X	Min	M	ax	Min					th S
2	BS/SC/CSE Specialization	3455	Paper 1 - Applied Mathematics (T)	64	32	0	96	6	50		20	50	0	20	100	40			Bot
	pathway in Science and	3456	Paper 2 – Applied Science (T)	64	0	64	128	6	50		20	50	0	20	100	40			
	Research (Student need	3457	Paper 3 – Research Methodology (T)	64	0	64	128	6	50		20	50	0	20	100	40			
	to take all four	3458	Paper 4 – Technical Writing (P)	48	16	64	128	6	60		24	4	0	16	100	40			
	papers in this pathway)		Total	240	48	192	480	24	210)	84	19	0	76	400	160			
Entr	ntrepreneurship Pathway																		
3	ES/CSE	3459	Entrepreneurshipand Startup (I)	128	64	384	576	24	2	40	96		160	64	400	160			

L:- Lecture T:- Tutorial P:- Practical BS- Basic Science:: ES-Engineering Science:: SC: Science , I: Integrated :: CS: Computer Science and Engineering

Note: In 5th Semester student need to select any one of the pathways consisting of 24 credits. Students can continue their higher education irrespective of the pathways selected.

Program Coordinator Principal

Government of Karnataka

Department of Collegiate and Technical Education

JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED, MYSURU-06

Program	Computer Science & Engineering	Semester	5
Course Code	3451	Type of Course	L:T:P (128:64:384)
Course Name	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning	Credits	24
CIE Marks	240	SEE Marks	160

Introduction:

Welcome to the curriculum for the Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI&ML) Specialisation. This specialisation course is taught in Bootcamp mode. Bootcamps are 15 weeks, intense learning sessions designed to prepare you for the practical world – ready for either industry or becoming an entrepreneur. You will be assisted through the course, with development-based assessments to enable progressive learning. In this course, you'll learn how to produce a computer-assisted solution when data is too complex for humans to find answers as they combine both data science and machine learning skills that are needed for today's job market.

Some common examples include; Amazon Alexa - converting spoken audio into language; Google Image Search – uses image recognition to return specific search results; Samsung Smart Fridges – uses data and machine learning to produce intuitions about your behavior. Leading to the successful completion of this bootcamp, you shall be equipped to either do an internship at an organization working in AI or do a project in AI. After the completion of your Diploma, you shall be ready to take up roles like Machine Learning Engineer, Data Scientist, Data Analyst, and more.

This course will teach you Fundamentals of AI, Python and Python libraries, data visualization, machine learning models, maths like linear algebra, data interpretation, deep learning, Version control system, cloud deployment and more. Details of the curriculum is presented in the sections below

Pre-requisite

Before the start of this specialisation course, you would have completed the following courses; In the 1st year of study, you would have studied Engineering Mathematics, Communication Skills, Computer Aided Engineering Graphics, Statistics & Analysis, Basic IT Skills, Fundamentals of Computer, Fundamentals of Electrical Electronics Engineering, Project Management skills and Multimedia & Animation.

In the 2nd year of study, you would have studied Python Programming, Computer Hardware, Maintenance and Administration, Computer Networks, Database System Concepts and PL/SQL, Data Structures with Python, Operating System and Administration, Object oriented programming and Design with Java, Software Engineering principles and practices.

In this year of study, you shall be applying your previous years learning along with specialised field of study into projects and real-world applications.

Course Cohort Owner

A Course Cohort Owner is a faculty from the core discipline, who is fully responsible for one specialised field of study and the cohort of students who have chosen to study that specialised field of study.

Guidelines for Cohort Owner

- 1. Each Specialized field of study is restricted to a Cohort of 20 students which could include students from other relevant programs.
- 2. One faculty from the Core Discipline shall be the Cohort Owner, who for teaching and learning in allied disciplines can work with faculty from other disciplines or industry experts.
- 3. The course shall be delivered in boot camp mode spanning over 15 weeks of study, weekly developmental assessments and culminating in a mini capstone.
- 4. The industry session shall be addressed by industry subject experts (in contact mode/online / recorded video mode) in the discipline only.
- 5. The cohort owner shall be responsible to identify experts from the relevant field and organize industry session as per schedule.
- 6. Cohort owner shall plan and accompany the cohort for any industrial visits.
- 7. Cohort owner shall maintain and document industrial assignments, weekly assessments, practices and mini project.
- 8. The cohort owner shall coordinate with faculties across programs needed for their course to ensure seamless delivery as per time table.
- 9. The cohort owner along with classroom sessions can augment or use supplementary teaching and learning opportunities including good quality online courses available on platforms like Karnataka LMS, Infosys Springboard, NPTEL, Unacademy, SWAYAM, etc.

Course outcome: A student should be able to

CO-1	Explain the concept of AI, its applications, constituents and challenges of ethics in AI.
CO-2	Analyze and visualize any given dataset
CO-3	Evaluate, optimize, build and test an AI model for a given requirement
CO-4	Perform comparative analysis of methods or algorithms for a given requirement
CO-5	Select the appropriate tools, production environment and deploy the model.

Mapping of CO with PO & PSO

COURSE	COs		P	rogran	n Outo	comes (POs)		Prog Spec Outco (PS)	cific omes
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2
	CO-1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Artificial	CO-2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Intelligence and Machine	CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
learning	CO-4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
	CO-5	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
AVG		3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

Level 3: Highly Mapped Level 2: Moderately Mapped Level 1: Low Mapped Level 0: Not Mapped

Course-PO Attainment Matrix

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2
Artificial Intelligence									
and Machine learning	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

Detailed Course Plan

Week	со	РО	Days	1 st Session (9.00am to 1.00pm)	L	Т	P	2 nd Session (1:30pm to 4:30pm)	L	T	P
1	1	1	1	1. AI based movie (Screening)			4	 AI influence in companies viz, Amazon, Microsoft, Google, IBM Latest developments in AI domain Google's DeepMind AI Just	2		1

1	1 1	1 2	1. AI based movie (Screening)			4	 AI influence in companies viz, Amazon, Microsoft, Google, IBM Latest developments in AI domain Google's DeepMind AI Just	2	1	
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	1	1	3	Fundamentals of AI - What is artificial intelligence? - How AI works - Purpose of AI - Types of Artificial Intelligence - Goals of AI - Applications of AI - Ethics in AI Examples of AI in real world - T	3		1	 Significance of data in AI AI Software Development life cycle Compare traditional software development with AI Software Development Example – Game rules (Chess) Explore and prepare a report on all popular AI cloud services (ML & DL) offered by vendors - T 	2	1
1	1	1	4	Fundamentals of AI - What is artificial intelligence? - How AI works - Purpose of AI - Types of Artificial Intelligence - Goals of AI - Applications of AI - Ethics in AI Examples of AI in real world - T	3		1	 Significance of data in AI AI Software Development life cycle Compare traditional software development with AI Software Development Example – Game rules (Chess) Explore and prepare a report on all popular AI cloud services (ML & DL) offered by vendors - T 	2	1
			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	1	1,5	6	Real industry experience of AI	2		3	Weekly Assignment (1:00 P.M. – 2:00 P.M.)		
2	5	4, 5	1	Peer Review		4		Git Branching and merging Basic Creating and switching to new		3

						branches	
						 Switching between branches 	
						Merging local branches together	
			Why Do We Need a Version Control				
			System?Fundamentals of Git				
			Git installation and setup			Git Branching and merging	
			basic local Git operations			Basic	
_		_	creating a repository,				
5	4,5	2	cloning a repository,	1	3	 Creating and switching to new branches 	3
			making and recording changes			 Switching between branches 	
			staging and committing changes,			 Merging local branches together 	
						narging rotal orangines together	
			viewing the instory of the the changes				
			undoing changes				
			GitHub			Create repository – named mini project-	
			- Basics of distributed git			1Push the same to GitHub	
			- Account creation and configuration			1 Push the same to Github	
5	4,5	3	- Create and push to repositories	1	3		3
			- versioning			TOC - Git Essentials: Become a Git and GitHub Ninja	
			- Collaboration			Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	
			- Migration				
			GitHub			Create repository – named mini project-	
			- Basics of distributed git			1 Push the same to GitHub	
5	4,5	4	1 6	1	3		3
						TOC - Git Essentials: Become a Git and	
			- Create and push to repositories			GitHub Ninja	

			5	 versioning Collaboration Migration Developmental Assessment				Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) Assessment review & corrective action	3
	1	1,5	6	Real industry experience of AI	2		3	Weekly Assignment (1:00 P.M. – 2:00 P.M.)	
3	1	1	1	Peer Review		4		Machine Learning - Fundamentals - Machine learning types - Machine learning workflow - Machine learning applications - Challenges in ML - Building a model – steps involved - Pipelines - Data engineering - Machine learning - Deployment - What is Data Science? - How Data Science works? - Data Science uses Group discussion - Examples of ML in everydaylife / Use of Machine Learning in Daily Life Machine Leaning Terminologies - T	

1, 5	1,4	2	Introduction to Cloud Computing - Essentials of Cloud Computing - Cloud Deployment Models - Cloud Service Models - Serverless Services - Major Cloud service Providers - Virtualization Explore the cloud service providers and	2	2	TOC - Machine Learning Fundamentals Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) Prediction - continuous value Introduction to Containers Cloud Native application development Explore AI (ML and DL) services across public cloud platforms Note: Teacher has to choose a public cloud platform to perform the fallowing activities - Getting to know cloud platform	1	2
1, 5	4, 5	3	 services offered by them - T Walking through the administrative consoleand Cloud SDK Explore Virtual machines (PaaS, Iaas and SaaS) and storage options Deploy a simple application on the cloud AI Platform overview 	1	3	- Creating an account Essentials of cloud billing SLA TOC - Essentials of Cloud Computing InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) Tutorial - Automatically Create Machine Learning Models - Amazon Web Services Tutorial - Automatically Create Machine Learning Models - Amazon Web Services	1	2
1	1,3, 4	4	Big Data What is Big Data? Vs of Big Data Sources of data	2	2	Python recap Database connectivity	1	2

				Role of Big Data in AI&ML Python Packages for Machine Learning and DeepLearning Scientifics computing libraries Visualization Libraries Algorithmic libraries Environment setup: install required packages Explore above listed packages						
			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	1, 5	2, 3, 4	6	Build applications using AI cloud services	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
4	1,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review		4		Explore NumPy Module - Array Aggregation Functions - Vectorized Operations - Use Map, Filter, Reduce and Lambda - Functions with NumPy - TOC - Pandas and NumPy Tips, Tricks, and Techniques Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	2	1
4	1,5	2,3,4	2	Explore Pandas modules - Aggregation and Grouping - Time Series Operations	1		3	Contd.	1	2

				 Pivot and melt function Use Map, Filter, Reduce and LambdaFunctions with Pandas dataframes TOC - Unpacking NumPy and Pandas Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) 					
	2,5	2,3,4	3	 Data visualization with python Visualization fundamentals Why visualization Coordinate Systems and Axes Directory of Visualizations Amounts, Distributions, Proportions, x-y Relationships, Uncertainty Basics of python visualization with Matplotlib Understand the anatomy of a figure Plot creation Plotting routines Basic plot customizations Saving plots 	2	2	 Visualizing Amounts Visualizing distributions Visualizing proportions Visualizing associations Visualizing time series Consider a dataset and infer the relations with the help of different plots.	1	2
4	2,5	2,3,4	4	Visualizing trendsVisualizing uncertainty	1	3	Basics of python visualization with Seaborn The Course Overview - Viewer Page	1	2

	1	4	5	 Visualizing categorical data visualize proportions visualize data on multi-plot grid Composite views for informative summaries of data How to create project plan and product backlog for AI project Create Git Repository for following Regression Project - ML / deep learning Classification Project - ML / deep learning Clustering project - ML / deep learning Natural Language Processing - ML / deep learning 	2		3	Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) Weekly Assignment		
			6	Developmental Assessment				Assessment Review & corrective action		3
5	2	2,3,4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity (2) - Regression - Classification (Individual/ Team of 2) - Define Problem statement (solution to be presented at the semester end) - Create project plan and product backlog		4		 Data engineering pipeline Data Collection Population and sample Types of data Data type (type 1 (cross sectional, time series), type 2 (univariate, multivariate)) Variable types (categorical, 	2	1

	- Create git repository for the project Work progress should be monitoredweekly Probability		ordinal, ratio, interval) - Data Collection Key terminologies in Statistics – T Mini Project Activity Data collection for the stated problem Exploratory data analysis
2 1,3 2	 Basic concepts Conditional and Joint probability Bayes' Theorem Probability Distributions Discrete Continuous Central Limit Theorem Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - Probability Distribution using Python InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) Use relevant python packages to compute Central tendency for the parameters Dispersion for the parameters data distribution Visualize above computation with various techniques 	2	- overview - EDA goals and benefits Univariate data analysis - Characterizing data with descriptive statistics - Univariate distribution plots - Univariate comparison plots - Univariate composition plots Mini Project Activity - Data Exploration and analysis for the stated problem

2	2,3,4	3	Univariate analysis tests Hypothesis testing Error, Test statistic, type, interpreting teststatistics. Understanding p-value	1	3	Multivariate analysis Finding relationship in data - Covariance - Correlation	1	2
2	2,3,4	4	 Multivariate distribution plot Multivariate comparison plot Multivariate relationship plot Multivariate composition plot TOC - Exploratory Data Analysis with Pandas and Python 3.x Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)		4	Linear algebra using python - Scalars - Vectors - Matrices - Tensors Gradients - Eigen values and eigen vectors - Norms and Eigen decomposition Use relevant python packages to performoperations over vectors and matrices. TOC - Basics of Linear Algebra using Python InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) Interactive Scenario: Introduction to Vector AlgebraUsing Python (oreilly.com)	1	2
		5	CIE 1- Written and Practices Test			Assessment Review & corrective action		3

	2	2, 3, 4	6	Statistics and Linear algebra	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	2, 5	2,3,4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Data Preprocessing Importance of data preprocessing Data cleaning - Assess Data quality - Data anomalies - Detect missing values with pandas dataframe functions: .info() and .isna() - Diagnose type of missing values with visual and statistical methods (eg. chisquared test of independence)	1	2
6	2, 5	2,3,4	2	Practice: Dealing with missing values withdifferent approaches Outliers Detecting outliers univariate outlier detection bivariate outlier detection Time series outlier detection	1		3	Approaches to deal with missing values Keep the missing value as is Remove data objects with missing values Remove the attributes with missing values Estimate and impute missing values	1	2
	2, 5	2,3,4	3	Practice: Dealing with missing values withdifferent approaches Outliers Detecting	1		3	Dealing with outliers - Do nothing - Replace with the upper cap or lowercap	1	2

		 univariate outlier detection bivariate outlier detection Time series outlier detection 			- Perform a log transformation - Remove data objects with outliersPractice: Dealing with outliers with different approaches TOC - Data Preprocessing Infosys Springboard(onwingspan.com) TOC - Data Cleaning and Transformation InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com)		
2, 5 2,3,4	4	Practice: Dealing with missing values with different approaches Outliers Detecting outliers univariate outlier detection bivariate outlier detection Time series outlier detection	1	3	Dealing with outliers - Do nothing - Replace with the upper cap or lowercap - Perform a log transformation - Remove data objects with outliers Practice: Dealing with outliers with different approaches TOC - Data Preprocessing Infosys Springboard(onwingspan.com) TOC - Data Cleaning and Transformation Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	1	2
	5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review & corrective action		3
2,5 2,3,4	6	Feature engineering	2	3	Weekly Assignment		

	2, 5	2,3,4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Data reduction - Distinction between data reduction and dataredundancy - Objectives - Methods o numerosity data reduction o dimensionality data reduction Practice: Data reduction with numerosity data reduction method	1	2
7	2, 5	2,3,4	2	Data Integration - Overview - data integration challenges - Approaches - Adding attributes - Adding data objects Practice: data integration	1		3	Data reduction - Distinction between data reduction and dataredundancy - Objectives - Methods o numerosity data reduction o dimensionality data reduction Practice: Data reduction with numerosity data reduction method	1	2
	2, 5	2,3,4	3	Data transformation Need for data transformation Normalization Standardization Data transformation with	1		3	Data transformation with - ranking transformation - discretization	1	2

				binary codingranking transformationdiscretization					
	2, 5	2,3,4	4	Data transformation Need for data transformation Normalization Standardization Data transformation with binary coding ranking transformation discretization	1	3	Data transformation with - ranking transformation - discretization	1	2
			5	CIE 2 – Written and Practice Test			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2, 5	2,3,4	6	Feature engineering	2	3	Weekly Assignment		
8	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review	4		Data Splitting Importance of data splitting - Training set - Validation set - Testing set Under fitting and over fitting Practice: split training and testing data sets inPython using train_test_split() of sci-kit learn.Explore the options of train_test_split()	1	2

2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	2	Machine Learning pipeline: Model training Supervised Learning: Regression What is Regression? Types of regression Regularization in ML Real-Life Applications - T Linear regression Overview Types simple linear regression Multiple linear regression Polynomial linear regression Applications of Linear Regression - T	2	2	Understanding Simple linear regression Regression equation Assumptions Gradient descent Setting up the regression problem Practice: student score based on study hours Problem statement: Create a model to analyses the relation between CIE and SEE result Create a model to analyze the relation between crop yield and rain fall rate Build linear regression model using Stats model Scikit learn	1	2
2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	3	Model Evaluation & testing Evaluate regression model: Evaluation Metric - Coefficient of Determination or R-	2	2	Cross-validation Why do we need Cross- Validation?Techniques - Hold out method - Leave One Out Cross-Validation	1	2

	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	4	Squared(R2) Root Mean Squared Error (RSME) Optimize regression model Gradient descent Multiple Linear Regression Overview Assumptions Normal Equation Applications Identification and collection of regression dataset - T Perform data exploration, preprocessing and splitting on datasets like Boston housing price from sci-kit learndatasets Cricket match result - past data Performance of a cricket player - past data	2		2	- K-Fold Cross-Validation Implementation in python - Build regression model - Evaluate the model - To minimize the cost function		3
			5	- Crop yield - past data Developmental Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	6	Optimization and performance matrices for regression	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
9	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	1	Peer Review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Explore other regression algorithms - T Rebuild the model with other regressionalgorithms		3

						such as - Random Forest Regressor - Support Vector Regression - Lasso regression Evaluate and compare the performance of each.		
2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	2	Supervised learning – classification What is classification? Types: - Binary classification - Multi-Label Classification - Multi-Class Classification - Imbalanced Classification Classification models Applications - T Practice: Iris dataset from sci-kit learn Perform data exploration, preprocessing and splitting	2	2	Decision trees - What is decision tree? - Understanding Entropy, information gain - How to stop overfitting - Pruning Decision Tree Classifier - How it works? - Understanding the parameters - Applications	3	
2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	3	Build decision tree-based model in python forlike Breast Cancer Wisconsin (diagnostic) dataset from sci-kit learn Or any classification dataset from UCI, Kaggle		4	Evaluation Metrics for Classification - confusion matrix, - Accuracy - Precision and Recall - Specificity - F1-score - AUC-ROC - How to compute	1	2

	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	4	Evaluation Metrics for Classification- contd. Evaluation of decision tree model with different metrics			4	 How does it work When to use Hyper parameter tuning for DecisionTreeClassifier 		
			5	CIE 3 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		
	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	6	Hyper parameter tuning for classification	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
10	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Logistic regression - Overview - Types - How does logistic regression work? - Assumptions - Understanding sigmoid function - Applications Practice: build Logistic regression model in python		
	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	2	Build Logistic regression model in python Evaluation and optimization of the model	2		2	Support Vector Machine - Introduction to SVM - How does it work? - Applications Practice: Build a SVM Model in python for Fishdataset from Kaggle	2	1

					Ensemble Learning	
					Introduction	
					Basic Ensemble Techniques	
					- Max Voting	
					- Averaging	
					- Weighted	
					Average Advanced	
					Ensemble Techniques	
2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	3	Build a SVM Model in python	4	- Stacking	
2,0,0	2,0,1		How to optimize SVM?		- Blending	
					- Bagging	
					- Boosting	
					Explore and list the Ensemble	
					Algorithms - TRandom Forest	
					- Introduction	
					- How does it work?	
					- Hyper parameters	
					- Applications	
2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	4	Build Random Forest-based model in python for Breast Cancer Wisconsin (diagnostic) dataset from sci-kit learn Or dataset from UCI, Kaggle	4	Evaluation and optimization	
		5	Development Assessment		Assessment Review and corrective action	

	2, 3, 5	2, 3, 4	6	Comparison of classification algorithms with real world scenario	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	3	2,3	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Unsupervised learning — - What is unsupervised learning? - Common approaches - Challenges - Clustering Types Applications of unsupervised learning - TK-means — Working of K-means How to Choose the Right Number of Clusters?	2	1
11	2,3	2,3 ,4	2	Implementation in python Evaluation Metrics - Inertia - Dunn Index Evaluate the model using mentioned metrics	1		3	Contd.		3
	2,3	2,3 ,4	3	Dimensionality Reduction - Importance of Dimension Reduction inmachine learning Common methods to perform DimensionReduction - T Dimensionality Reduction using PCA in python	2		2	Dimensionality Reduction using PCA in python		3

	5	4,5	5	MLOps - Overview - Why MLOps? - ML pipeline - Versioning - Model registry CIE 4 – Written and Practice Test	2		2	 Monitoring Deployment Model monitoring Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	4	2,3	6	Compare various clustering techniques	2		3	Weekly Assignment		3
12	1	3,4	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity (2) Regression - Rebuild with deep learningmodel Classification - Rebuild with deep learningmodel Analyze the performance of ML and DL (Individual/ Team of 2) Define Problem statement (solution to be presented in the 13th week CIE – 6) Create project plan and product backlog Create git repository for the project Work progress should be		4		 Deep learning Limitations of Machine Learning What is deep learning? Deep learning models Deep Learning Applications Deep learning frameworksGroup discussion – T Future -Impact deep learning will likely to have ona variety of industries in the next few years. Environment setup Local Cloud TOC - Deep Learning with TensorFlow InfosysSpringboard 	2	1

			monitored weekly			(onwingspan.com)	
2,3	3,4	2	Peer review Mini Project Activity (2) Regression - Rebuild with deep learning model Classification - Rebuild with deep learning model Analyze the performance of ML and DL (Individual/ Team of 2) Define Problem statement (solution to be presented in the 13th week CIE – 6) Create project plan and product backlog Create git repository for the project Work progress should be monitored weekly Introduction to Neural Networks		4	Deep learning - Limitations of Machine Learning - What is deep learning? - Deep learning models - Deep Learning Applications - Deep learning frameworksGroup discussion – T Future -Impact deep learning will likely to have ona variety of industries in the next few years. Environment setup - Local - Cloud TOC - Deep Learning with TensorFlow InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) Introduction to TensorFlow 2	1
			 Understanding Biological Neurons Artificial neuron /Perceptron Working of perceptron 	2		2 - What is TensorFlow? - Why TensorFlow? - TensorFlow ecosystem - TensorFlow architecture	2

3 2,3,	Neural network - Architecture - Working of NN - Forward propagation - Back propagation - Activation function - Sigmoid - Tanh - ReLU - LeakyReLU - Cost function - How to measure loss? - How to reduce Loss? - Gradient - DescentGet data, and - explore - Eg. Stroke Prediction Dataset Kaggle or dataset from any other source - Prepare data: Dealing with - missing values - Categorical values - Labeled encoding - One hot coding - Prepare data: Feature scaling with	- Program Elements in TensorFlowKeras - What is Keras? - Keras APIs – three programming models - Sequential Model - Functional API and - Model Subclassing - Keras layers - Custom Keras Layers TOC - Deep Learning with TensorFlow InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - TensorFlow for Beginners Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)
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		Drop Data	dardScalar() or other method oping unnecessary features splitting					
3	3,4	4 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ing with imbalanced dataset oduction to Neural Networks Understanding - Biological Neurons - Artificial neuron /Perceptron - Working of perceptron Neural network - Architecture - Working of NN - Forward propagation - Back propagation - Sigmoid - Tanh - ReLU - LeakyReLU Cost function - How to measure loss? - How to reduce Loss? - Gradient centGet data, and	2	2	Introduction to TensorFlow - What is TensorFlow? - Why TensorFlow? - TensorFlow ecosystem - TensorFlow architecture - Program Elements in TensorFlow Keras - What is Keras? - Keras APIs – three programming models - Sequential Model - Functional API and - Model Subclassing - Keras layers - Custom Keras Layers TOC - Deep Learning with TensorFlow InfosysSpringboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - TensorFlow for Beginners Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	1	2

				Eg. Stroke Prediction Dataset Kaggle or datasetfrom any other source Prepare data: Dealing with - missing values - Categorical values - Labeled encoding - One hot coding Prepare data: Feature scaling with StandardScalar() or other method Dropping unnecessary features Data splitting Dealing with imbalanced dataset				
			5	Development Assessment		Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2,3	3,4	6	Building deep learning model with TensorFlow and Keras for use cases	2	3 Weekly Assignment		
13	3	2,3,4	1	 Why do we have to flatten the input data? Understand Keras Dense Layer Overview Parameters Operation Building Shallow Neural Network with Keras Dense Layer Building Deep Neural Network with Keras Dense Layers Create a complete end to end neural 	1	Keras optimizers Keras Metrics Keras Losses Create a complete end to end neural	1	2

			networkmodel using Keras Sequential			network –		
			Model and Keras Layer API			Contd.		
			Eg.			TOC - Learning TensorFlow 2.0 Infosys		
			MNIST dataset (classify handwritten			Springboard(onwingspan.com)		
			numerals)or fashion-MNIST dataset or					
			dataset from other					
			source					
3	2,3,4	2	- Why do we have to flatten the input data?					
			- Understand Keras Dense Layer					
			- Overview					
			- Parameters			Keras		
			- Operation			optimizers		
			- Building Shallow Neural Network with			Keras		
			Keras Dense Layer			Metrics		
			- Building Deep Neural Network with	1	3			
			Keras Dense Layers			Keras	1	2
			- Create a complete end to end neural			Losses		
			networkmodel using Keras Sequential			Create a complete end to end neural network –		
			Model and Keras Layer API			Contd.		
			Eg.			TOC - Learning TensorFlow 2.0 Infosys		
			MNIST dataset (classify handwritten			Springboard(onwingspan.com)		
			numerals)or fashion-MNIST dataset or					
			dataset from other					
			source					

C-21 CURRICULUM 2023-24 / COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

3	3,4	3	Keras					
			- Callbacks					
			- Commonly used callbacks					
			Monitor neural network performance	1	3	How to save trained model		
			withTensorBoard	1	3	Local deployment with TensorFlow		
			- TensorBoard Basics			ModelServer		
			- TensorBoard Setup					
			Understand Model Behavior During					
			TrainingReduce overfitting with					
			Dropout Layer Keras				<u> </u>	
3	3,4	4	- Callbacks - Commonly used callbacks Monitor neural network performance withTensorBoard - TensorBoard Basics - TensorBoard Setup Understand Model Behavior During TrainingReduce overfitting with Dropout Layer	1	3	How to save trained model Local deployment with TensorFlow ModelServer		
		5	CIE 5 – Written and Practice Test			Assessment Review and corrective action		
2,3	3,4	6	Building deep learning model with TensorFlow and Keras for use cases	2	3	Weekly Assignment		

	1,5	2,3,	1	Peer Review Mini Project Activity – Status review		4		Natural Language Processing Understanding natural language processing NLP approaches – rule based, statistical NLP use cases How to use dictionary? Commonly used NLP tools & libraries Setup environment (spaCy or similar nlp package)	2	1
14	2,3	2,3,	2	Text processing tasks (Processing Words) Document Assembler Annotation Tokenization - Sentence tokenization - Word tokenization - Visualize frequency distribution of words - Visualize with word cloudStop word - Dropping stop words Dropping punctuations	1		3	Spell Correction Normalization - Stemming - Lemmatization	1	2
	2,3	3	3	Parts of speech tagging Named Entity Recognition	1		3	Vectorizer N-Gram	1	2

	2,3	2.3,	4	TF-IDF Build a pipeline for text processing	1	3	Contd.		3
			5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3	2,3	6	NLP – text summarization	2	3	Weekly Assignment		
15	1	2,3,	1	Peer review Mini Project Activity – Status review			NLP use case – Sentiment Analysis (SA)What is sentiment analysis? Why is SA important? Business applications for SA How does sentiment analysis work? Transformers Conduct Sentiment analysis to classify moviereviews with - spaCy TensorFlow and keras	1	2
	1,2, 3,4,	2,3, 4,6	2	NLP use case – Sentiment Analysis (SA)Contd.		4	Ethics in AI - Importance of AI ethics - Ethical challenges of AI - AI code of ethics Group Discussion: Discussion on the Ethics of AI Ethics of AI: Safeguarding Humanity Professional Education (mit.edu)	1	2

			Containers					
			Why containers?					
			What is a docker?					
			How docker					
			works?					
5	2,3, 4	3	Components of	2	2	Publish the container in Registry		3
	•		docker			0 1		3
			- Docker container					
			- Docker client					
			- Docker daemon					
			- Docker image					
			- Docker registry					
			Install docker on desktop and start the					
			dockertool.					
			TOC - Containers & Images Infosys Springboard(onwingspan.com)					
			Docker					
			file					
			Docker					
			image					
			Commands to create docker file.					
			Build docker image with docker file					
			create docker container from docker					
			imageRun the docker container					
			<i>J</i>					

				TOC - Deploying and Running Docker Containers Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - Docker, Dockerfile, and Docker- Compose(2020 Ready!) Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)					
	5	3,4	4	Deployment strategies	1	3	Contd.		3
			5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,3	5	6	Using cloud service for MLOps	2	3	Weekly Assignment		
16	1 to 4	2,3, 4,6		Internship a) Secondary research on various industries and their operations to identify at least 3 companies along with the areas of work interest and develop an internship plan that clearly highlights expectations from the industry during the internship. b) Design and develop a cover letter for an internship request to all 3 identified companies and the resume to be submitted to potential companies. Prepare for an internship interview to highlight your interests, areas of study,			Project a) Identification of the problem statement (from at least 3 known problems) the students would like to work as part of the project – either as provided by faculty or as identified by the student. Document the impact the project will have from a technical, social and businessperspective. b) Design and develop the project solution or methodology to be used to solve at least one of the problems identified.		

career aspirations and personnel	Prepare a project plan that will include a		
competence – including the areas of	schedule, WBS, Budget and known risks		
learning you expect to	along with strategies to mitigate them to		
learn during internship.	ensure the project achieves the desired		
	outcome.		

^{**}Note: Saturday session from 9 AM -2 PM

References

Sl. No	Description			
1	Hands-On Artificial Intelligence for Beginners By Patrick D. Smith			
2	Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow, 2nd Edition, By Aurélien Géron			
3	Machine Learning with Python for everyone, Mark E Fenner			
4	Hands on Data processing in Python, Joy Jafari			
5	Deep Learning with TensorFlow2 and Keras, Antonio Gulli, Amita Kapoor, Sujith Pal			
6	Cloud Computing, Concepts, Technology and Architecture by Thomas Erl			
7	Khan Academy			
8	Fundamentals of Data Visualization, Claus O. Wilke			
9	Pro Git ,Scott Chacon, Ben Straub			
10	Mathematics for Machine Learning, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, and Marc Peter Deisenroth			
11	Machine Learning, Pipelines, Deployment and MLOps Tutorial DataCamp			
12	MLOps Python Tutorial for Beginners -Get Started with MLOps (projectpro.io)			

CIE and SEE Assessment Methodologies

CIE Assessment	Assessment Mode	Duration In hours	Max Marks
Week 5	CIE 1– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 7	CIE 2– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 9	CIE 3– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 11	CIE 4– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 13	CIE 5– Written and practice test	4	30
	On line Course work (Minimum 10 hours online course with certification from (SWAYAM/NPTEL/Infosys Springboard)		40
	Profile building for Internship / Submission of Synopsys for projectwork		20
Portfolio evaluation	n (Based on industrial assignments and weekly developmental assessment) *		30
	TOTAL CIE MARKS (A)		240
SEE 1 - Theory ex	ram Conducted for 100 marks 3 hrs duration reduced to 60 marks	3	60
SEE 2 – Practical		3	100
TOTAL SEE MA	RKS (B)		160
TOTAL MARKS	(A+B)		400

^{*} The industrial assignment shall be based on peer-to-peer assessment for a total of 10 marks (on a scale of 1 to 10) and in the event of a group assignment the marks awarded will be the same for the entire group, the developmental assessment will be for a total of 20 marks and based on MCQ/case study/demonstration and such other assignment methods

Assessment framework for CIE

Note: Theory to be conducted for 1 hour and practice for 3 hours, total duration of exam – 4 hours

Program			C	omputer Science	e & Engineer	ing		Sem	ester		7	7
Course			A	rtificial Intellige	nce & Mach	ine L	earning	g Max	x Marks	30	30	
Course C	ode		34	451				Dur	ation	4 h	ours	
Name of	the cou	rse coord	inator									
Note: Ans	swer on	e full ques	tion from e	each section.								
Qn.No				Q	uestion				CL L3/L4	CO	PO	Marks
					Section-1 (T	heor	y) – 10 i	marks		-1		
1.a)	In re	ecent year	s most of t	he companies are	e turning to t	ext b	ased ch	atbot for resolving	L4	1		5
	cons	sumer quei	ries. What	is the reason for it	t and how is i	t imp	acting t	he business.				
b)						eries_	A = [1,	2,3,4,5] Series_B =	L3	2		5
	[4,5,	,6,7,8] , G	et the items	s not common to l	ooth.							
2.a)	Ram	nesh is a so	olutions ma	nager for an enter	rprise and has	s dep	loyed al	l the applications in the	L4	1		4
	on-n	remise da	tacentre H	e has been asked	to plan the ir	frast	ructure	for an online foot ware				
	_				-							
	store	e that the e	enterprise i	s developing. The	e traffic forec	east to	or the a _l	pplication varies based				
	on v	arious pa	rameters.]	List the implicati	ons if they	conti	nue witl	n on-				
		nise soluti		1	Ĭ							
b)	Crea	ite a datafi	rame with f	Collowing data.					L3	2		6
		First Name	Last Name	Туре	Department	YoE	Salary					
	0	Aryan	Singh	Full-time Employee	Administration	2	20000					
	1	Rohan	Agarwal	Intern	Technical	3	5000					
			Chah	Full-time Employee	Administration	5	10000					
	2	Riya	Snan									
	2	Riya Yash	Bhatia	Part-time Employee	Technical	7	10000					
	2000	1.51	Bhatia		Technical	7	10000					

	1. Ma	ake a pivot table v	which shows average salary of e	ach type of employe	e for each			
	de	partment.						
		*	which shows the sum and mean number of employees of each ty		ch type of			
			Section-2 (Practical) - 2	20 marks				
3)	aspects of given belo	f automobile des	rm has been collected. This data ign and performance for 32 a			L3,L4	1,2	
	Sl No	Variables	Description	Categories				
	1	mpg	Miles/(US) gallon					
	2	cyl	Number of cylinders	4, 6, 8	_			
	3	disp	Displacement (cu.in.)	, ,				
	4	hp	Gross horsepower					
	5	drat	Rear axle ratio					
	6	wt	Weight (1000 lbs)					
	7	qsec	Fastest time to travel 1/4 mile from standstill					
			(inseconds)		_			
	8	VS	Engine cylinder configuration	0, 1 (0 -V- shape; 1 - Straight				
				Line)				
	9	am	Transmission type	0, 1 (0 - automatic; 1 - manual)				
	10	gear	Number of forward gears	3, 4, 5				

			Manual			
			transmissions			
			haveeither 4 or 5			
			forward gears;			
			Automatic either			
			3 or 4			
11	carb	Number of carburettors	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8			
Create the fe	ollowing plots to	visualize/summarize the data	and customize appro	opriately.		
_		requency distribution of the variation are the variation are the highest frequency.	ariable 'mpg' (Miles	per gallon) and		
2.scatter	plot to determin	e the relation between weight	of the car and mpg			
3.bar plo	t to check the fre	quency distribution of transmi	ssion type of cars.			
		mpg and interpret the five numers.	mber summary.			

Note: Theory questions shall be aligned to practical questions

Scheme of evaluation

Sl. No	Description	Marks
1	Importing libraries, data, removing missing values	4
2	Creating plots and customization	8
3	Create Git repository and push files	4
4	Interpretation of thus created plots	4
	Total	20

Program: Course: Course Course	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning	Semester Max Marl Duratio		s
Qn. No.	Question	CL	CO	Marks
QIIII	Section-1	62		1,141,115
1.a)	With Industry 4.0, artificial intelligence is finding place in every aspect of life. What happens if AI replaces humans in the workplace?	L4	1	10
b)	For the given scenarios you are required to build an AI solution. Which AI techniques can be applied / best suited for stated problems. Justify 1. Extract and digitize the customer information from the Know Your Customer (KYC) forms. 2. To identify if employees are wearing face mask in the office campus 3. To identify and narrow down tumour regions and further predict if the tumour ismalignant or not 4. Automated inspection and cost estimation step in the Insurance claim business process 5. To identify the location of a moving car within an image	L3		10
2.a)	Which technique help in addressing certain complex problems with higher accuracy and better generalization characteristics much like human brain in Computer Vision, Natural Language Processing and Speech Domains? And why?	L 3		10
b)	For the following scenarios you are required to build a predictive model. Which machine learning technique/algorithm can be applied / best suited for stated problems. Justify yourrecommendation. a. Predicting the food delivery time b. Predicting whether the transaction is fraudulent c. Predicting the credit limit of a credit card applicant d. To group similar customers of an online grocery store, based on their purchasing patterns, to offer discounts to its customers. e. Predict the probability of a mechanical system breakdown, based on its system vibration and operating temperature	L3		10
	Section-2			
3.a)	How to handle the missing values in the dataset? Explain.	L3	2	10
b)	The statistical summary of Iris dataset is as follows.	L4		10

1 sepal-length sepal width petal length petal width					
3 mean					
4 std 0.828066 0.433594 1.764420 0.763161 5 min 4.3000000 2.0000000 1.0000000 0.1000000 0.3000000 1.6000000 0.3000000 1.6000000 0.3000000 1.5000000 1.30000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.30000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.30000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.3000000 1.30000000000					
S min					
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					
Section-3 Section-3					
Analyse and explain statistical metrics from above summary. 4.a) Consider a real estate company that has a dataset containing the prices of properties in the Delhi region. It wishes to use the data to optimise the sale prices of the properties based on important factors such as area, bedrooms, parking, etc. Essentially, the company wants — a. To identify the variables affecting house prices, e.g. area, number of rooms, bathrooms, etc. b. To create a model that quantitatively relates house prices with variables such asnumber of rooms, area, number of bathrooms, etc. c. To know the accuracy of the model, i.e. how well these variables can predict houseprices. Discuss the steps to be followed to build such a model. Recommend the suitable techniques to consider at each step. b) Describe univariate, bivariate, and multivariate analysis with suitable examples. L4 10 Section-3 5.a) N-grams are defined as the combination of N keywords together. Consider the givensentence: "Data Visualization is a way to express your data in a visual context so that patterns, correlations, trends between the data can be easily understood." Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence a. Before performing text cleaning steps: b. After performing text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space					
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a. To identify the variables affecting house prices, e.g. area, number of rooms, bathrooms, etc. b. To create a model that quantitatively relates house prices with variables such asnumber of rooms, area, number of bathrooms, etc. c. To know the accuracy of the model, i.e. how well these variables can predict houseprices. Discuss the steps to be followed to build such a model. Recommend the suitable techniques to consider at each step. b) Describe univariate, bivariate, and multivariate analysis with suitable examples. Section-3 5.a) N-grams are defined as the combination of N keywords together. Consider the givensentence: "Data Visualization is a way to express your data in a visual context so that patterns, correlations, trends between the data can be easily understood." Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence a. Before performing text cleaning steps. b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		bedrooms, parking, etc.			
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5.a) N-grams are defined as the combination of N keywords together. Consider the givensentence: "Data Visualization is a way to express your data in a visual context so that patterns, correlations, trends between the data can be easily understood." Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence a. Before performing text cleaning steps. b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		Section-3			
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correlations, trends between the data can be easily understood." Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence a. Before performing text cleaning steps. b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space	5.a)	N-grams are defined as the combination of N keywords together. Consider the given sentence:	L3	3	10
Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence a. Before performing text cleaning steps. b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		"Data Visualization is a way to express your data in a visual context so that patterns,			
a. Before performing text cleaning steps. b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		correlations, trends between the data can be easily understood."			
b. After performing following text cleaning steps: 1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		Generate bi-grams and tri-grams for the above sentence			
1. Stop word Removal 2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		a. Before performing text cleaning steps.			
2. Replacing punctuations by a single space		b. After performing following text cleaning steps:			
		Stop word Removal			
		2. Replacing punctuations by a single space			
	b)		L4		10

6.a)	The sinking of the Titanic is one of the most infamous shipwrecks in history. On April 15, 1912, during her maiden voyage, the widely considered "unsinkable" RMS Titanic sank after colliding with an iceberg. Unfortunately, there weren't enough lifeboats for everyone onboard, resulting in the death of 1502 out of 2224 passengers and crew. You are asked to build a machine learning model to predict whether a passenger survived or not. Describe each step you will follow to build this model.	L3		10
b)	You work for a textile manufacturer and have been asked to build a model to detect and classify fabric defects. You trained a machine learning model with high recall. You want quality control inspectors to gain trust in your model. Which technique should you use to understand the rationale of your classifier? Justify	L4		10
	Section-4			
7.a)	A machine learning model was built to classify patient as covid +ve or -ve. The confusion matrix for the model is as shown below. Compute other performance metrics and analyse the performance of the model. Actual 1 0 1 397 103 1 126 142	L3	4	10
		T 4		10
b)	A Machine Learning Engineer is preparing a data frame for a supervised learning task. The ML Engineer notices the target label classes are highly imbalanced and multiple feature columns contain missing values. The proportion of missing values across the entire data frame is less than 5%. What should the ML Engineer do to minimize bias due to missing values? Support your argument.	L4		10
8.a)	A data scientist is working on optimising a model during the training process by varying multiple parameters. The data scientist observes that, during multiple runs with the identical parameters the loss function converges to different, yet stable values. What should the datascientist do to improve the training process? Justify.	L3		10
b)	A company has collected customer comments on its products, rating them as safe or unsafe, using decision trees. The training dataset has the following features: id, date, full review, full review summary, and a binary safe/unsafe tag. During training, any data sample with missing features was dropped. In a few instances, the test set was found to be missing the full review text field. For this use case, which is the most effective course of action to address test data samples with missing features? Justify	L4		
	Section-5			
9.a)	What are the deployment strategies borrowed from DevOps that can be utilized in MLOPs. Explain anyone strategy.	L3	5	10

	b)		vy. They require a good amount of processing power to predict, r. How can containerisation of ML model solve this problem?	L3	10	
1	0.a)	How will you deploy a trained machine learning Explain.	ng model as a predictive service in a production environment.	L3	10	
	b)	For the below given scenarios, suggest best suggest. 1. For, a. Variable workload b. Test and	ted cloud deployment model and list thechallenges with it. 2. For, a. Cloud bursting b. On demand access c. Sensitive data Development	L3	10	

Assessment framework for SEE 2 (Practice)

Problem Statement

Complete the code below to construct and fit the required model, then visualize the final architecture and learning process using TensorBoard

```
import tensorflow as tf
# Define log folder of
tensorboardlog folder =
'logs'
# Import and prepare
dataset mnist =
tf.keras.datasets.mnist
(X train, y train), (X test, y test) =
mnist.load data()X train, X test = X train /
255.0, X test / 255.0
print('Training Dataset Shape: {}'.format(X train.shape))
print('No. of Training Dataset Samples:
{}'.format(len(X test)))print('Test Dataset Shape:
{}'.format(X test.shape))
print('No. of Test Dataset Samples: {}'.format(len(y test)))
# 1 .Define model
model =
keras.models.Sequential()#
```

```
# ...

# 2. Configure Tensorboard

log_dir = "logs/fit/" +
datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S")# ...

# ...

# 3.

Compile
```

Output:

```
Training
Dataset Shape:
(60000, 28, 28)
No. of Training
Dataset
Samples: 10000
Test Dataset
```

- 1. The neural network must have the following architecture:
 - o One Flatten() layer.
 - o One Dense layer with 512 neurons using a ReLU as the activation function.
 - o A Dropout layer with the probability of retaining the unit of 20%.
 - o A final Dense layer, that computes the probability scores via the softmax function, for each of the 10 output labels.
- 2. Place the logs of TensorBoard in a timestamped subdirectory to allow easy selection of different training runs and create the appropriate callbacks that ensure that logs are created and stored. Additionally, enable histogram computation for every epoch.
- 3. Compile and train the model using **stochastic gradient descent** with the objective function sparse_categorical_crossentropy and 10 epochs.

- 4. Start TensorBoard through the command line or within a notebook experience. The two interfaces are generally the same. In notebooks, usethe %tensorboard line magic. On the command line, run the same command without "%". Show and explain the dashboards.
- 5. Show the losses and the final architecture on TensorBoard.

Scheme of evaluation

Sl. No	Description	Marks
1.	Problem analysis	10
2.	Selection of tools/technics and Importing libraries	10
3.	Construct neural network with specifications	40
4.	Visualize the final architecture and learning process using TensorBoard	40
Total		100

Equipment/software list with Specification for a batch of 20 students

Sl. No.	Particulars	Specification	Quantity
1.	Computers	Intel i7, 4GB RAM,500GB SSD	20
2.	Python (Anaconda Distribution), Git, Jira, Jenkins, TensorFlow or similar tools		
3.	Cloud – AWS/AZURE/GCB or any similar cloud environment		
4.	Broadband connection		

Government of Karnataka

DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGIATE AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED, MYSURU-06

Program	Computer Science & Engineering	Semester	5
Course Code	3452	Type of Course	L:T:P (128:64:384)
Course Name	Full Stack Development	Credits	24
CIE Marks	240	SEE Marks	160

Introduction:

Welcome to the curriculum for the Full Stack Development Specialisation. This specialisation course is taught in Bootcamp mode. Bootcamps are 15 weeks, intense learning sessions designed to prepare you for the practical world – ready for either industry or becoming an entrepreneur. You will be assisted through the course, with development-based assessments to enable progressive learning. In this course, you'll learn a complete suite of software development skills to build application like front-end, middleware, and back-end Java web developer technologies, test and deploy code, store data using MongoDB, and much more.

This course will teach you Fundamentals of business process automation, React, Spring, MongoDB, REST API, DevOps practices, cloud deployment and more. Details of the curriculum is presented in the sections below.

Pre-requisite

Before the start of this specialisation course, you would have completed the following courses;

In the 1st year of study, you would have studied Engineering Mathematics, Communication Skills, Computer Aided Engineering Graphics, Statistics & Analysis, Basic IT Skills, Fundamentals of Computer, Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Project Management skills and Multimedia & Animation.

In the 2nd year of study, you would have studied Python Programming, Computer Hardware, Maintenance and Administration, Computer Networks, Database System Concepts and PL/SQL, Data Structures with Python, Operating System and Administration, Object oriented programming and Design with Java, Software Engineering principles and practices.

In this year of study, you shall be applying your previous years learning along with specialised field of study into projects and real-world applications.

Course Cohort Owner

A Course Cohort Owner is a faculty from the core discipline, who is fully responsible for one specialised field of study and the cohort of students who have chosen to study that specialised field of study.

Guidelines for Cohort Owner

- 1. Each Specialized field of study is restricted to a Cohort of 20 students which could includestudents from other relevant programs.
- 2. One faculty from the Core Discipline shall be the Cohort Owner, who for teaching and learning in allied disciplines can work with faculty from other disciplines or industry experts.
- 3. The course shall be delivered in boot camp mode spanning over 15 weeks of study, weekly developmental assessments and culminating in a mini capstone.
- 4. The industry session shall be addressed by industry subject experts (in contact mode/online / recorded video mode) in the discipline only.
- 5. The cohort owner shall be responsible to identify experts from the relevant field and organize industry session as per schedule.
- 6. Cohort owner shall plan and accompany the cohort for any industrial visits.
- 7. Cohort owner shall maintain and document industrial assignments, weekly assessments, practices and mini project.
- 8. The cohort owner shall coordinate with faculties across programs needed for their course to ensure seamless delivery as per time table
- 9. The cohort owner along with classroom sessions can augment or use supplementary teaching and learning opportunities including good quality online courses available on platforms like Karnataka LMS, Infosys Springboard, NPTEL, Un-academy, SWAYAM, etc.

Course outcome: A student should be able to

CO-1	Explain typical business process in an organization and identify opportunities for digital transformation.
CO-2	Document system requirements and write an appropriate development plan.
СО-3	Design, develop and test an automated business process.
CO-4	Develop RESTful API's and test functions as per the defined requirements.
CO-5	Select an appropriate production environment, UI and deploy the application.

Mapping of CO with PO & PSO

COURSE	COs		Pı	rogran	n Outo	comes (POs)		Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2		
	CO-1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
Full Stack	CO-2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
Development	CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
	CO-4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
	CO-5	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
AVG	AVG			3	3	2	3	3	3	3		

Level 3: Highly Mapped Level 2: Moderately Mapped Level 1: Low Mapped

Level 0: Not Mapped

Mapping of Course with PO & PSO

COURSE		P	rogram	Outcom	nes (PO	s)		Specific Outcome (PSOs)				
0 0 0 1 1 2 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2			
Full Stack Development	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3			

Detailed course plan

				Detaile		-					
Week	СО	PO	Days	1 st session (9am to 1 pm)	L	Т	P	2 nd session (1.30pm to 4.30pm)	L	T	P
	1	1	1	What is an Enterprise?Organizing the Enterprise - processRef. No 1	3		1	- Digital transformation through Convergence of IT & OT Ref. No 2	1		2
1	1	1	2	What is business process?Understanding business				- Digital Transformation Success Stories			
	1	1	3	- Types of business activities				- How technology has impacted digital transformation			
	1	1	4	- Why to automate business process?				Case study: Digital transformation throughIT/OT convergence			
	1	1	5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action			
2	1	1	1	Industrial visit: Visit small or medium scale nearby industry and know the business entity and activities. Understand the different work divisions with a business entity.			4	Map the relationship between various divisions of business entity both vertical andhorizontal relationships Understanding the business process and workflow within a business entity			3

1	1,5	2	 Report of industrial visit. Document the major business divisions and their activities. Draw the workflow for each identified division. 		4	 Identify the typical processes and workflows that can be automated. Introduction to Full stack development, its components, tools used, etc. 	3
1	2,3	3	Report of industrial visit Create a map of workflows to represent - interaction among divisions and the entire - business process as well.		4	- Understanding Full stack framework both within firewall and on the cloud	3
1,2	2,3	4	 Recap Design Thinking Design thinking for software development Apply design thinking to automate the observed activities in the industrial visit Ref. No 3 	1	3	Contd.	3
		5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action	3
1,2	2,3,	6	Full stack development – industrial perspective How to create project plan and product backlog for project and User story creation	2	3	Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)	

	2,3	2,3	1	project activity: Make student teams (2 -3 students per team), each team is responsible for automating activities of an identified business entity. Integration of each team's work must lead to an enterprise application.		4		Recap – software development (Agilemethodology) - Define goal of product - Define epics - Create roadmap for epics - Cost estimation - Risk management Note: Consider any web application in any sector (Retail, Health, Logistics, Finance, etc)	2	1
3	2,3	2,3	2	 Creating user stories for the epic Creating Acceptance criteria Sprint planning Backlog Refinement Sprint Demo Burn down charts Sprint retrospective Create and manage product backlog using appropriate tool like Jira Create Sprint 1 with required user stories 	2		2	Design principles - Availability - Performance - Consistency - Scalability - Manageability - cost Architectural patterns - Monolithic - Layered - Service oriented architecture - Microservice architecture Ref. No 4 Step 01 - Need for Architecture - Viewer Page Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	2	1
				Design methods for security - Application security				Design methods for Datastores		

	2,3	2,3	3	 Authentication and authorization methods and their usage and considerations Token based Cookie based OpenID 	2	2	 Structured Semi structured Unstructured Recap of Data base design 	1	2
				 Third party access SAML Multi factor authentication Encryption Design and implement authentication flowusing anyone of the above listed. 					
	2,3	2,3,	4	Design principles for – UI / UX Create UI/UX design - for created user stories (wireframing) Technology, tools and frameworks for application development	1	3	Contd.		3
			5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
			6	Comparison of various enterprise application development technology stacks (development, engineering, deployment, Monitoring) Security architecture and best practices in enterprise application programming.	2	3	Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)		
4	2,3	4	1	Peer review			DevOps engineering practices - Configuration management		

		Project status review		4		- Continuous integration	1	2
		Demonstration of artifacts of the project				- Automated testing		
						- Infrastructure as		
						- code		
						- Continuous delivery		
						- Continuous deployment		
						- Continuous monitoring		
						Explore the various tools used - T		
						Git Branching and merging		
2,3 4	2	Configuration management Why Do We Need a Version Control System? Fundamentals of Git Git Client installation and setup basic local Git operations creating a repository, cloning a repository, making and recording changes staging and committing changes, viewing the history of all the changes undoing changes	1		3	■ Creating and switching to new branches ■ Switching between branches ■ Merging local branches together GitHub - Basics of distributed git Account creation and configuration - Create and push to repositories - versioning - Collaboration - Migration Create repository – named mini project-1 Push the same to GitHub	1	

	5	1,4	3	Cloud basics - Cloud Infrastructure Overview - Cloud computing architecture and itscomponents - Service models - Deployment models - Virtualization - Cloud Native Application Development o Essentials of Cloud - Viewer Page Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) Continuous integration	3	1	 Create cloud account (AWS, GCB or any other service provider) and explore the features Create and setup a virtual machine. Create a simple webapp using cloudservices How to use cloud service for user authentication flow, allowing users tosign up, sign in, and reset their password Build a Basic Web Application on AWS (amazon.com) 		3
2	,,3	1,4	4	 Use any suitable build CI/CD tool (such as Jenkins, bitbucket, GitHub Actions etc.) or cloud-based services to create build pipeline having steps code build, test, codequality check. Working of the tool / cloud service used. Note: Create build pipeline for simple web applications such as To-do app, BMI calculator, Number converter, WordCount etc. 	1	3	- Contd		3
			5	CIE 1 – Written and Practice Test			Assessment Review and corrective action		3

	2,3	4	6	Comparison of cloud services How to make full stack development efficient by using DevOps	2		3	Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)		
	2,3, 5	3,4	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Recap HTML, CSS and JavaScript Fundamentals (Code structure – statements, comments, variables, Constants, Data types, Interaction, Operators, Comparisons, Control flow, Functions) Setting Up the Environment and Tools forfront end development - Installing VS Code - VS Code extensions JSON- Tutorial Note: suitable cases to be used to learn and implement program constructs.	1	2
5	2,3,	3,4	2	JS objects Methods, Constructors, Object properties - Data properties - Accessor properties - Prototype Practice: use suitable cases to implement above concepts	1		3	- Contd.		3
				ES6 - Arrow functions						

2,3,	2,3,	3	- Template strings - Prototype methods - Spread operator - Map - Set Create a form like registration form, feedback form, after submit hide create form and enable the display section	2	2	Contd.		3
2,3, 5	2,3,	4	Introduction to TypeScript Why TypeScript? Setting up development environment for TypeScript - Install TypeScript compiler - Install Live server Create and run first program in TypeScript - Basic Types - Control flow statement - Functions TypeScript "Hello, World!" (typescripttutorial.net)	2	2	- Contd		3
		5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
2,3,	2,3, 4	6	Modern UI technologies	2	3	Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)		

	2,3, 5	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Introduction to React - What is React? - Setting up React development environment -	1	2
6	2,3, 5	2,3,	2	 Introduction to JSX What is JSX? Expressions in JSX Specifying Attributes with JSX Specifying Children with JSX Rendering Elements DOM React DOM React Virtual DOM 	2		2	 Components What is a component? Function and Class Components Rendering a Component Composing Components Create your first React Component. 	1	2
	2,3,	2,3,	3	Props & State - State - Props - Communication between components using Props - Understanding Component life cycle Component life cycle methods	2		2	 JSX for React components How to crate JSX elements? How to test components 	1	2

				- Mounting phase						
				- Updating phase						
				- Unmounting phase						
				- Error Handling						
	2,3,	2,3,	4	Handling Events Conditional Rendering Lists & Keys	2		2	Forms - Use of HTML tags in forms like select,input, file, textarea, etc. - controlled components - uncontrolled components Lifting State Up		3
			5	CIE 2 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2,3, 5	2,3, 4	6	Testing single page application	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	2,3,	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Context Fragments Higher-Order Components	2	1
	2,3,	2,3,	2	React Router - React router – parameters - React router key components Implement navigation using react router	1		3	Contd		3
7	2,3,	2,3,	3	React Hooks - Introduction - React Hooks – useState, useEffect, useContext and useReducer Custom Hooks	1		3	Build single page application – like shopping Cart		3

							Recap		
							- Object oriented concepts and designprinciples		
							- Data Structures		
							- Database Concepts		
							- Java and servlet basics		
							- Java Collections (List, Set, Map) ,Threads		
							Catting and the agricultural and to also		
							Setting up the environment and tools		
	2,3,	2,3,	4	Build single page application		4	Install java (latest stable version) and addenvironment	1	2
	3	4					variable		
							Install java editor (such as IntelliJ, Eclipse orany other)		
							Install DBMS (MySQL, PostgreSQL or any other)		
							XML – T		
			5	Development assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2,3,	2,3,		State Management with Redux					
	5	4	6	State Management with Redux			Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)		
				On line Course work with certification from					
8				(SWAYAM/NPTEL/Infosys Springboard/					
				r-process)			Basics of Apache Maven or Gradle – project		
				Peer review			management tool		
		2,3,		Project status review			Understanding pom.xml		
	3,4	4	1	•	4			2	1
				Demonstration of artifacts of the project			TOC - Maven Basics Infosys Springboard		
				Leter heating to Spains F			(onwingspan.com)		
				Introduction to Spring Framework					
				What is Spring?					
								1	1

9	3,4	2,3,	2	 Why Spring Framework? Spring Framework Architecture Key components of Spring Framework SpringBoot Why SpringBoot? Compare Spring and SpringBoot understanding the spring initializer interface TOC - Introducing Spring 5.0 Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - Spring Essentials Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) Inversion of Control and Dependency 	2	2	- Spring Annotations Create Spring application with Spring Initializer using dependencies like Spring Web, Spring Data JPI How to run the project Getting Started Building an Application with Spring Boot	1	2
	3,4	2,3,	3	Injection What is inversion of control? What is dependency injection? Types of DI - Constructor - Property - Method Practice: constructor injection Property injection Method injection TOC - DI in Spring Framework Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	2	2	Contd.		3

				TOC - Introduction to the Spring Framework Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)						
	3,4	2,3,	4	Spring IoC container – ApplicationContext ComponentScanning DI in spring Boot - Constructor injection - Setter injection - Field injection Autowiring - Qualifier - Bean Scope (Object scope) - Autowiring dependencies	1		3	Contd		3
			5	CIE 3 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3,	6	Converting monolithic application to microservices architecture	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	3,4	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Application Programming Interface (API) - What is an API? - How API works? - Why we need APIs? - API types (Open APIs, Partner APIs, Internal APIs, Composite APIs) - Types of API Protocols (SOAP, REST) Common API examples	2	1
10				API endpoints				Basics of REST - Evolution of API		

3,4	2,3,	2	What is API endpoint? Why are API endpoints important? API endpoint examples How to Test API Endpoints HTTP Concepts - HTTP working - HTTP Method (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE) Understanding of JSON structure for API request and response data	2	2	 Overview of REST REST architectural style, components, views, REST constraints Properties of REST API REST API Design Principles How to create RESTful service Install Postman Test created APIs with the help of Postman 	2	1
3,4	2,3,	3	Spring REST – creating Spring REST controller - Controller Layer (handling requestand responses) - Service Layer (Application businesslogic) - Repository layer (Communicate with DB)	1	3	Limitations of JDBC API Object relational Mapping – features andbenefits JPA – Java Persistent API Spring Data JPA configuration Create ORM entity class Create database and configure using SpringBootapplication property file **Note – Hibernate or any other ORMframework can be used About Hibernate Framework - Viewer Page Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	1	2
3,4	2,3,	4	Create REST controller for CRUD operations Versioning Spring REST APIs Practice:	1	3	Contd		

				Create user registration form.						
			5	Build models for considered use case. Development assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3,	6	Spring Transactions				Weekly Assignment		
	3,4	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Transaction management and compliance to ACID principles	1	2
11	3,4	2,3,	2	Securing REST APIs with Spring Security API security configuration	1		3	Build user authentication flow and authorization using SpringSecurity		3
	3,4	2,3,	3	Junit – Tutorial Writing Junit test cases for CRUD operations Test controller endpoints			4	Contd		3
	3,4	2,3,	4	Introduction NoSQL - 1 - Brief history - Features & Benefits - Types				Getting started with MongoDB - MongoDB overview - features - key components of Architecture - data modelling Working with MongoDB - MongoDB Shell – mongosh Mongo Compass GUI	1	2

				- Cap theorem	1		3	Setup		
				- BASE Explore and compare the features of various NoSQL databases - T				 Download and Install MongoDB CommunityServer Or MongoDB Atlas Setup Create an Atlas account and get ready to use 		
								 MongoDB Atlas Configure MongoDB Atlas Explore Compass (MongoDB's GUI tool) Create and Manage MongoDB Data types and operators – T 		
			5	CIE 4 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3, 4	6	API Gateway				Weekly Assignment		
	3,4	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		Create and Drop databaseCreate and Drop CollectionsCRUD Operations on document	1	2
	3,4	2,3,	2	- CRUD Operations on document			4	Limit and Sort Records Cursor	1	2
12	3,4	2,3,	3	Indexing Aggregation Create and manage users and roles Migration to MongoDB	1		3	Contd.		3

	3,4	2,3,	4	ACID transactions in MongoDB Perform CRUD Operations on MongoDB through REST API using Spring Boot StarterData MongoDB How to run MongoDB on cloud?	1		3	Contd.		3
			5	Development Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3,	6	MongoDB implementation, administration and deployment				Weekly Assignment		
								Application Testing		
13	3,4,	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review Demonstration of artifacts of the project		4		- Manual - Automated Application testing toolsFunctional testing UI testing TOC - Introduction to Automation Testing Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)	2	1
	3,4,	4	2	Integration testing System testing Integrate the work of each group and carry out integration testing	1		3	Acceptance testing Acceptance tests and test plan User acceptance testing Bug tracking – using Jira or similar tools	1	2
				Deployment process - Manual deployment				Containers Why containers? What is a		
				- Automated deployment				docker? How docker works?		
				How to implement automated deployment?				Components of docker		
				Top Deployment tools and their features				- Docker container		
					2		2			

	5	4	3	Best Deployment practices				- Docker client	2	1
		•	5	Setup deployment				- Docker daemon		
				pipelineContinuous				- Docker image		
				deployment Static code				- Docker registry		
				analysis				Install docker on desktop and start the dockertool.		
				Automated review and peer review				TOC - Containers & Images Infosys Springboard		
				Practice – code analysis using tools				- (onwingspan.com)		
				Docker file						
				Docker image						
				Commands to create docker file.						
				Build docker image with docker file						
				create docker container from docker image						
	_			Run the docker container	1		3	Contd		
	5	4	4	TOC - Docker, Dockerfile, and Docker-Compose	1		3	Conta		3
				(2020 Ready!) Infosys Springboard						
				(onwingspan.com)						
				TOC - Deploying and Running Docker						
				Containers						
				Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)						
			5	CIE 5 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3,	6	Automation and cloud application testing						
	- 7	4								
				Peer review				Container orchestration		
	5	4	1	Project status review		4		What is orchestration?	2	1
14				Demonstration of artifacts of the project				Orchestration engine		

						Orchestration tools TOC - Container Orchestration Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com) TOC - Docker Skills: Advanced Docker Orchestration Infosys Springboard (onwingspan.com)		
5	4	2	Kubernetes Introduction Why Kubernetes? Kubernetes configuration - Deployment - Service - Load balancer/ingress Create a cluster and deploy an app Learn Kubernetes Basics Kubernetes Booking.com Case Study Kubernetes Spotify Case Study Kubernetes	1	3	Deployment strategies Blue green deployment Canary Deployment	1	2
5	4	3	Disaster recovery and their typesHow does it work? Elements of disaster recovery planBuild a disaster recovery plan Load Balancing Load balancer and its functions	2	2	Contd		3

	5	4	4	 Application monitoring Need for application monitoring Components of application performancemanagement. How to select application monitoring tools? Explore and compare APM tools 	2	2	Contd.	3
			5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action	
			6	Cloud orchestration	2	3		
15	1,2, 3,4, 5	2,3,		Internship a) Secondary research on various industries and their operations to identify at least 3 companies along with the areas of work interest and develop an internship plan that clearly highlights expectations from the industry during the internship.			a) Identification of the problem statement (from at least 3 known problems) the students would like to work as part of the project – either as provided by faculty or as identified by the student. Document the impact the project will have from a technical, social and business perspective.	
16	1,2, 3,4, 5	2,3,		Internship b) Design and develop a cover letter for an internship request to all 3 identified companies and the resume to be submitted to potential companies. Prepare for an internship interview to highlight your interests, areas of study, career aspirations and personnel competence – including the areas of learning you expect to learn during internship.			b) Design and develop the project solution or methodology to be used to solve at least one of the problems identified. Prepare a project plan that will include a schedule, WBS, Budget and known risks along with strategies to mitigate them to ensure the project achieves the desired outcome.	

^{**}Note: Saturday session from 9 AM -2 PM

C-21 CURRICULUM 2023-24 / COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

References

Sl. No.	Description					
	Charlie Chaplin - Factory Scene - Modern Times (1936) - YouTube					
1	What is a Business Process? - YouTube What Is Business Process Automation? - YouTube					
	- <u>Digital Transformation What is Digital Transformation Digital Transformation 2021 Simplilearn - YouTube</u>					
2	- <u>Digital transformation: are you ready for exponential change? Futurist Keynote Speaker Gerd Leonhard - YouTube</u>					
	- Digital Transformation Through IT/OT Convergence Accenture					
3	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_r0VX-aU_T8					
4	How to build Scalable and Robust Enterprise Web Application? Cashapona					
5	SaaS vs PaaS vs IaaS: What's The Difference & How To Choose – BMC Software Blogs					
6	https://www.atlassian.com/					
6	https://www.atlassian.com/devops					
7	Hello World – React (reactjs.org)					
8	Hands-On Full Stack Development with Spring Boot 2.0 and React					
9	React Cookbook , David Griffiths and Dawn Griffiths					
10	Build a Basic Web Application on AWS (amazon.com)					
11	A Docker Tutorial for Beginners (docker-curriculum.com)					
12	Spring Boot 2.0 Projects By Mohamed Shazin Sadakath					
13	<u>Kubernetes</u>					

CIE and SEE Assessment Methodologies

CIE Assessment	Assessment Mode	Duration In hours	Max Marks	
Week 4	CIE 1– Written and practice test	4	30	
Week 6	CIE 2– Written and practice test	4	30	
Week 9	CIE 3– Written and practice test	4	30	
Week 11	CIE 4— Written and practice test	4	30	
Week 13	CIE 5– Written and practice test	4	30	

On line Course work (Minimum 10 hours online course with certification from (SWAYAM/NPTEL/Infosys Springboard)		40
Profile building for Internship / Submission of Synopsys for project work	20	
Portfolio evaluation (Based on industrial assignments and weekly developmental assessment) *		30
TOTAL CIE MARKS (A)	240	
SEE 1 - Theory exam Conducted for 100 marks 3 hrs duration reduced to 60 marks	3	60
SEE 2 – Practical	3	100
TOTAL SEE MARKS (B)		160
TOTAL MARKS (A+B)	400	

^{*} The industrial assignment shall be based on peer-to-peer assessment for a total of 10 marks (on a scale of 1 to 10) and in the event of a group assignment the marks awarded will be the same for the entire group, the developmental assessment will be for a total of 20 marks and based on MCQ/case study/demonstration and such other assignment methods

Assessment framework for CIE

Note: Theory to be conducted for 1 hour and practice for 3 hours, total duration of exam - 4 hours

Progran	n	Semester	V				
Course	ourse Full Stack Development Max Marks						
Course Code 3452 Duration							
Name of	Name of the course coordinator						
Note: Ar	nswer one full question from 6	each section.					
Qn. No.		CL L3/L4	СО	РО	Marks		
		Section-1 (Theory) – 10 marks					•
1.a)	Explain how digital transfor		L4	1	1	5	
b)	How DevOps enables faste	loyments?	L3	1	4	5	
2.a)	Passwords alone fail to pauthentication for a banking	to strengthen	L3	1	2	5	
b)	The cloud is a hot topic from its business to the cloud, it is three main cloud services to are managed by you as a con Applications, Virtualization	L4	1	4	5		
		Section-2 (Practica	l) - 20 marks			1	<u> </u>
3)	In an open-source commu	nity, many developers contribute to an application. A new contribu	utor develops a	L3	5	4	20

feature 'A' and wants to commit to master repository. As an admin you have to make sure that only reviewed code is

Note: Theory questions shall be aligned to practical questions

committed to master branch.

Scheme of evaluation

Sl. No.	Description	Marks				
1	Problem analysis and identification of tools to be used	4				
2	Implementation	12				
3	Demonstration of solution	4				
	Total					

Assessment framework for SEE-1(Theory) – 100 Marks / 3 hours (Reduced to 60 marks)

Program : Computer Science & Engineering

Course : Full Stack Development

Course Code: 3452

Duration: 3 Hrs

Instruction to the Candidate: Answer one full question from each section. On. No. **Ouestion** CL CO Marks Section-1 Digital transformation is creating new — or modifying existing — business processes, culture, and customer experiences 1.a) L4 10 to meet changing business and market requirements. Explain how digital transformation has brought revolution in retail purchases with an example Diagnostic imaging procedures are cutting-edge technology, but at the same time they are an unpleasant experience for L4 10 b) patients – and even more for paediatric patients. Explain how design thinking helped Doug Dietz, an industrial designer, create a scanner experience that children loved. Identify the tasks involved in the process of receiving Admission Ticket for semester exams in your college. Which of 2.a) L4 10 the identified tasks can be automated and illustrate automation of one task. b) Identify the following cloud service types and list their characteristics and advantages. L3 10 Cisco WebEx Google App Engine, Amazon EC2

	Section-2			
3.a)	BookingHall is an online convention hall booking application that helps its users to book hall for functions across Karnataka. This application allows users to log in for booking a hall. Users can find the halls in a specific locality. Once found, user can check the availability of a hall for specific dates. Users can block a hall for required duration. Once blocked, user can get the booking details. Identify and write the user stories for this application.	L4	2	12
b)	Write test cases for the above application.	L3	 	8
4.a)	eDesert is an online shopping application that helps its users to buy variety of authentic deserts. This application allows users to log in for buying deserts. Users can search for a desert, sort the desert list based on rating or price. Users can select the items and add them to the cart. Once the selection is done, users can go to the cart page for payment. Identify and write the user stories for this application.	L4		12
b)	Write test plan and test cases for the above application.	L3		8
	Section- 3		<u> </u>	
5.a)	The HR team of an organization needs an application to maintain its employee details. Create a Spring Boot application to maintain Employee details such as employee id, employee name, and department and perform the following database operations. - Insert a new employee detail - Remove employee details based on employee id - Search employee based on name or ID	L3	3	12
b)	Design an application that consumes EmailService, to send emails to recipient mail addresses. The design should accommodate any new email services. It should also support additional messaging feature.	L3		8
6.a)	The write operations on the collection are very high. Explain the technic applicable tomanage the given scenario.	L3		12
	Compare the database communication through JDBC and ORM.	L3	4 '	L

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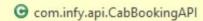
	Section-4			
7.a)	Ram is a developing a feature of an online apparel application as service. How should he handle the different requests to the service.	L3	4	12
b)	Users of Instagram, a photo sharing application, can share photographs not only with Instagram friends but also with friends on other social networking applications such as Twitterand Facebook. Explain how is this possible.	L3		8
8.a)	Develop the data access layer of the Employee Management Application to perform the database operations given below using Spring Data JPA Add the operation given below using Spring Data JPA: Update the employeeContactNumber for the given employee id.	L3		10
b)	Create a RESTcontroller class to perform CRUD operations on product and corresponding request and response DTOs. The product class should contain three data members product name, product category, price. Use proper SpringBoot annotations.	L3		10
	Section-5			
9.a)	Discuss the Components of Docker container.	L3	5	6
b)	Draw the CI/CD build process flow diagram for an online foot ware store application and explain each component.	L3		8
c)	You want to have two versions of your application in production, but be able to switch all traffic between them. Explain the deployment strategy suitable for the given situation.	L3		6
10.a)	Create a form to add a new product detail to the product catalogue using React.	L3		10
b)	Ted is a DevOps engineer. He wants to automate the deployment process. He wants to do deployment frequently on multiple servers and change the CPU speed and RAM based on the requirement.	L3		10

Assessment framework for SEE-2 (Practice)

Problem Statement

- 1 InfyCabs is an application for booking cabs. Its following functionalities needs to be exposed as REST API:
 - Book a cab
 - Get booking details
 - Cancel booking

The service and persistence layer of this application is already implemented. You have to implement the API layer of this application for exposing the above functionalities.



- bookingService: BookingService
- environment: Environment
- bookCab(cabBookingDTO: CabBookingDTO): ResponseEntity<String>
- getBookingDetails(mobileNo: Long): ResponseEntity<List<CabBookingDTO>>

ABBOOKER BAPking (bookingld: Integer): ResponseEntity < String>

Implement the CabBookingAPI class based on the class diagram and instructions given below:

Annotate this class with proper annotation to declare it as REST controller class.

Annotate this class with proper annotation so that all its methods are mapped with /bookings as base URI. Inject bookingService and environment using appropriate annotation.

Method description:

bookCab(CabBookingDTO cabBookingDTO)

- This is a REST controller method to book a cab.
- Implement it using proper annotations according to description given below:

Resource endpoint: /

HTTP method: POST

Input: Booking details as part of HTTP request body.

- It should invoke the bookCab() method of BookingServiceImpl class which returns a booking id.
- Retrieve the success message associated with property API.BOOKING_SUCCESSFUL from application.properties files using environmentand append it to booking id in following format:

<success message>booking id

- It returns an object of ResponseEntity created using above message and HTTP status code as CREATED. getBookingDetails(Long mobileNo)
 - This is a REST controller method to get cab booking details based on mobile number of user.
 - Implement it using proper annotations according to description given below:

Resource endpoint: /{mobileNo}

HTTP method: GET

Input: mobileNo as path variable.

- It should invoke the getDetails() method of BookingServiceImpl class which returns a List<CabBookingDTO>.
- It returns an object of ResponseEntity created using List<CabBookingDTO> obtained in previous step and HTTP status code as OK. cancelBooking(Integer bookingId)
 - This is a REST controller method to cancel cab booking based on bookingId.
 - Implement it using proper annotations according to description given below:

Resource endpoint: /{bookingId}

HTTP method: PUT

Input: bookingId as path variable.

- It should invoke cancelBooking() method of BookingServiceImpl class.
- Retrieve the message associated with property "API.BOOKING CANCELLED" from the properties file.
- It returns an object of ResponseEntity created using above message and HTTP status code as OK.

2. Test the thus created REST APIs

Analyse the given problem statement	10
Selecting suitable tools to implement above case	10
Implementation	40
Use of appropriate annotations	20
Testing	20
Total	100

Equipment/software list with Specification for a batch of 20 students

Sl. No.	Particulars	Specification	Quantity
1.	Computers	Intel i7, 4GB RAM,500GB SSD	20
2.	Eclipse/InteliJ , Java, Apache Maven, Spring 5.0, MongoDB, MySQL, Node.js, React, Jira, Git,Bitbucket, Jenkins, GitHub Actions.		
3.	Cloud - AWS/AZURE/GCB or any similar cloud environment		
4.	Broadband connection		

Government of Karnataka

Department of Collegiate and Technical Education

JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED, MYSURU-06

Program	Computer Science & Engineering	Semester	5
Course Code	3453	Type of Course	L:T:P (128:64:384)
Course Name	Cloud Computing	Credits	24
CIE Marks	240	SEE Marks	160

Introduction:

With technological advances, the future is set to be highly competitive and agility is the need of the hour. With cloud computing, organizations can save money on storage, servers and management services, as these services can be moved to the cloud with minimum cost, making the operations more efficient. The cloud offers businesses more flexibility overall versus hosting on a local server. And, for need of extra bandwidth, a cloud-based service can meet that demand instantly, rather than undergoing a complex (and expensive) update to the existing IT infrastructure.

This specialisation course is taught in Bootcamp mode. Bootcamps are 15 weeks, intense learning sessions designed to prepare you for the practical world – ready for either industry or becoming an entrepreneur. You will be assisted through the course, with development-based assessments to enable progressive learning.

This course will teach you Fundamentals of cloud computing Architecture, Compute instances, High Availability and Scalability in Cloud, Databases, Cloud Storage Service, DNS Services and Content Delivery, Serverless Computing, Container Services, Monitoring & Auditing and Cloud Security. Details of the curriculum is presented in the sections below.

Note: Faculty and students are required to use Amazon Web Service (AWS) cloud platform to practice the lab exercises in week 1 to week 12 and similarly use Microsoft Azure cloud platform for week 13 to week 15 of the curriculum.

Pre-requisite

Before the start of this specialisation course, you would have completed the following courses;

In the 1st year of study, you would have studied Engineering Mathematics, Communication Skills, Computer Aided Engineering Graphics, Statistics & Analysis, Basic IT Skills, JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED. MYSURU

80

Fundamentals of Computer, Fundamentals of Electrical Electronics Engineering, Project Management skills and Multimedia & Animation.

In the 2nd year of study, you would have studied Python Programming, Computer Hardware, Maintenance and Administration, Computer Networks, Database System Concepts and PL/SQL, Data Structures with Python, Operating System and Administration, Object oriented programming and Design with Java, Software Engineering principles and practices.

In this year of study, you shall be applying your previous years learning along with specialised field of study into projects and real-world applications. Course Cohort Owner A Course Cohort Owner is a faculty from the core discipline, who is fully responsible for one specialised field of study and the cohort of students who have chosen to study that specialised field of study.

Guidelines for Cohort Owner

- 1. Each Specialized field of study is restricted to a Cohort of 20 students which could include students from other relevant programs.
- 2. One faculty from the Core Discipline shall be the Cohort Owner, who for teaching and learning in allied disciplines can work with faculty from other disciplines or industry experts.
- 3. The course shall be delivered in boot camp mode spanning over 15 weeks of study, weekly developmental assessments and culminating in a mini capstone.
- 4. The industry session shall be addressed by industry subject experts (in contact mode/online / recorded video mode) in the discipline only.
- 5. The cohort owner shall be responsible to identify experts from the relevant field and organize industry session as per schedule.
- 6. Cohort owner shall plan and accompany the cohort for any industrial visits.
- 7. Cohort owner shall maintain and document industrial assignments, weekly assessments, practices and mini project.
- 8. The cohort owner shall coordinate with faculties across programs needed for their course to ensure seamless delivery as per time table.
- 9. The cohort owner along with classroom sessions can augment or use supplementary teaching and learning opportunities including good quality online courses available on platforms like Karnataka LMS, Infosys Springboard, NPTEL, Unacademy, SWAYAM, etc.

Course outcome: A student should be able to

CO-1	Work in cloud environment to demonstrate various aspects of Cloud computing and leverage
CO-1	them for project needs.
CO-2	Demonstrate the Public cloud services like compute, storage, networking, IAM, databases and
CO-2	configure them for given specification.
CO-3	Design, build and deploy a cloud native application using public cloud service.
CO-4	Adopt Cloud security policies, Monitor and troubleshoot basic issues in Cloud services.
CO-5	Administer cost, privileges and manage an existing deployed network.

Mapping of CO with PO & PSO

COURSE	COs		Pi	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2
	CO-1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
	CO-2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Cloud Computing	CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
	CO-4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
	CO-5	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	
Level 3: Highly Mapped Level 2: Moderately Mapped Level 1: Low Mapped Level 0: Not Mapped										

Course-PO Attainment Matrix

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2
Cloud Computing	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

Detailed Course Plan

Week	со	РО	Days	1 st Session (9Am to 1pm)	L	Т	P	2 nd Session (1:30pm to 4:30pm)	L	Т	P
1	1	1	1	Building blocks of cloud computing - Introduction - Basic Architecture of Computer - Servers vs Desktop and laptops - Client-Server Computing - Hard Drives - HDDs and SDDs - Storage - block vs file vs object - Distributed Networking	3		1	 - IP addressing - Networking - Routers and Switches - Networking - Firewalls - Databases - Server virtualization - Docker Containers - Application Programming Interfaces (API) 	2		1
1	1	1	2	Building blocks of cloud computing - Introduction - Basic Architecture of Computer - Servers vs Desktop and laptops - Client-Server Computing - Hard Drives - HDDs and SDDs - Storage - block vs file vs object - Distributed Networking	3		1	 - IP addressing - Networking - Routers and Switches - Networking - Firewalls - Databases - Server virtualization - Docker Containers - Application Programming Interfaces (API) 	2		1

	1	1	3	 From Mainframes to Clouds Evolution How to host an application in traditional IT Infra What is Cloud Computing Example Cloud Application deployment 	2	2	Cloud Deployment Models – - Public - Private - Hybrid - Community List out the examples for each cloud models Benefits of Cloud	2	1
1	1	1	4	Introduction to cloud computing - Introduction - From Mainframes to Clouds Evolution - How to host an application in traditional IT Infra - What is Cloud Computing - Example Cloud Application deployment	2	2	Cloud Computing Service Models - Software as a Service (SaaS) - Platform as a Service (PaaS) - Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) Cloud Deployment Models — - Public - Private - Hybrid - Community List out the examples for each cloud models Benefits of Cloud Assessment review & corrective action	2	1

	1	1,5	6	Industry Class: Build blocks of Cloud Computing	2			Weekly Assignment		
	1	4	1	Peer Review		4		-Monolithic and Microservices Architecture -Event-driven Architecture -List out the Popular Cloud service providers along with their features (AWS, Azure, GCP) -Open-Source cloud computing platforms	2	1
2	1	4	2	Cloud Architecture - Introduction - Stateful vs Stateless Service - Scaling up vs Scaling out - Load Balancing - Fault Tolerance - Loose coupling				-Monolithic and Microservices Architecture -Event-driven Architecture -List out the Popular Cloud service providers along with their features (AWS, Azure, GCP) -Open-Source cloud computing platforms	2	1
	1	4	3	AWS Cloud Overview - Amazon Web Service (AWS) - Regions and AZ - Creating an AWS Account - Shared Responsibility Model and AWS Acceptable Policy	1		3	-Tour of AWS Console and Services in AWS hands-on		3
	1	4	4	AWS Cloud Overview - Amazon Web Service (AWS) - Regions and AZ	1		3	-Tour of AWS Console and Services in AWS hands-on		3

				- Creating an AWS Account - Shared Responsibility Model and AWS Acceptable Policy						
			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	1	1,5	6	Industry Class: Build blocks of Cloud Computing	2			Weekly Assignment		
	1	1	1	Peer Review		4		AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) Services - What is IAM? - What is IAM used for? - Principle of least privilege - IAM Introduction: Users, Groups,		
3	2	1,4	2	AWS IAM Multi -factor authentication (MFA) Overview - IAM MFA Hands On - AWS Access Keys, CLI & SDK - AWS CLI Setup - AWS CLI Hands On - AWS Cloud Shell	1		3	Policies - IAM Users & Groups Hands on - IAM Policies - IAM Policies Hands On	1	2
	2	1,4	3	-AWS IAM Multi -factor authentication (MFA) Overview - IAM MFA Hands On	1		3	- IAM Roles for AWS Services - IAM Roles Hands On - IAM Security Tools	1	2

2	1,4	4	-AWS IAM Multi -factor authentication (MFA) Overview - IAM MFA Hands On - AWS Access Keys, CLI & SDK - AWS CLI Setup - AWS CLI Hands On - AWS Cloud Shell	1	3	- Architecture of Virtualization - Types of Virtualizations - IAM Roles for AWS Services - IAM Roles Hands On - IAM Security Tools - IAM Security Tools Hands On - IAM Best Practices Cloud Computing instances in AWS - Virtualization in Cloud Computing - What is Virtualization? - Virtualization as a Concept of Cloud Computing - Architecture of Virtualization	1	2
			 - AWS Access Keys, CLI & SDK - AWS CLI Setup - AWS CLI Hands On - AWS Cloud Shell 			 - IAM Security Tools Hands On - IAM Best Practices Cloud Computing instances in AWS - Virtualization in Cloud Computing - What is Virtualization? - Virtualization as a Concept of Cloud Computing - Architecture of Virtualization 		

	1,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Amazon EC2 Instance & IAM	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	1,2	4	1	Peer Review		4		 - Lab - Security Groups - How to SSH to EC2 Instance - EC2 Instance Connect - EC2 Instance Roles Demo 	1	2
	1,2	4	3	Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) Instance - EC2 Basics - Create a EC2 instance with EC2 user data - EC2 instance types basics - Security groups and classic ports	1		3	 - Private vs Public vs Elastic IP - Lab - Private vs Public vs Elastic IP - EC2 Placement groups - Lab - EC2 Placement groups 	1	2
4	1,2	4	3	Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) Instance - EC2 Basics - Create a EC2 instance with EC2 user data - EC2 instance types basics - Security groups and classic ports	1		3	 - Lab - Security Groups - How to SSH to EC2 Instance - EC2 Instance Connect - EC2 Instance Roles Demo - Private vs Public vs Elastic IP - Lab - Private vs Public vs Elastic IP - EC2 Placement groups - Lab - EC2 Placement groups 	1	2
	1,2	4	4	Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) Instance - EC2 Basics - Create a EC2 instance with EC2 user data	1		3	 - Lab - Security Groups - How to SSH to EC2 Instance - EC2 Instance Connect - EC2 Instance Roles Demo 	1	2

				- EC2 instance types basics				- Private vs Public vs Elastic IP		
				- Security groups and classic ports				- Lab - Private vs Public vs Elastic IP		
								- EC2 Placement groups		
								- Lab - EC2 Placement groups		
			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	1,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Amazon EC2 Instance & IAM	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
								- Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Overview		
								- Lab - AMI		
								- EC2 Instance Store		
								- EBS Volume Types		
	1	1,3	1	Peer Review		4		- EBS Multi-Attach	1	2
								- EBS Encryption		
								- EFS		
5								- Lab - EFS		
								- EFS vs EBS		
				- Elastic Network Interface (ENI) Overview				- Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Overview		
				- Lab - ENI				- Lab - AMI		
				- EC2 Hibernate				- EC2 Instance Store		
	1	1,3	2	- Lab - EC2 Hibernate - EC2 Advance	2		2	- EBS Volume Types	1	2
				concepts (Nitro, vCPU, Capacity				- EBS Multi-Attach		
				Reservations)				- EBS Encryption		
				- Amazon Elastic Block Store EBS				- EFS		

			Overview			- Lab - EFS		
			- Lab - EBS			- EFS vs EBS		
			- EBS Snapshots					
			- Lab - EBS Snapshot					
			- Elastic Network Interface (ENI) Overview					
			- Lab - ENI			- Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Overview		
			- EC2 Hibernate			- Lab - AMI		
			- Lab - EC2 Hibernate - EC2 Advance			- EC2 Instance Store		
			concepts (Nitro, vCPU, Capacity			- EBS Volume Types		
1	1,3	3	Reservations)	2	2	- EBS Multi-Attach	1	2
			- Amazon Elastic Block Store EBS			- EBS Encryption		
			Overview			- EFS		
			- Lab - EBS			- Lab - EFS		
			- EBS Snapshots			- EFS vs EBS		
			- Lab - EBS Snapshot					
			- Elastic Network Interface (ENI) Overview			- Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Overview		
			- Lab - ENI			- Lab - AMI		
			- EC2 Hibernate			- EC2 Instance Store		
			- Lab - EC2 Hibernate - EC2 Advance			- EBS Volume Types		
1	1,3	4	concepts (Nitro, vCPU, Capacity	2	2	- EBS Multi-Attach	1	2
			Reservations)			- EBS Encryption		
			- Amazon Elastic Block Store EBS			- EFS		
			Overview			- Lab - EFS		
			- Lab - EBS			- EFS vs EBS		

				- EBS Snapshots - Lab - EBS Snapshot						
			5	CIE 1 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Amazon EC2 Instance & IAM	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	1,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		Cloud Networking - Introduction - CIDR, Private vs Public IP - Subnet Overview - Networking - VPC - Default VPC Overview - VPC Overview	2	1
6	1,3,5	2,3,4	2	- Lab – VPC - Lab - Subnet - Internet Gateways & Route Tables - Lab - Internet Gateways & Route Tables - Bastion Hosts - Lab - Bastion Hosts - NAT Instances - Lab - NAT Instances	1		3	- NAT Gateways - Lab - NAT Gateways - NACL & Security Groups - Lab - NACL & Security Groups	1	2
	2,5	2,3,4	3	- VPC Reachability Analyzer - Lab - VPC Reachability Analyzer	1		3	- VPC Flow Logs - Lab - VPC Flow Logs	1	2

	2,5	2,3,4	4	 - VPC Peering - Lab - VPC Peering - VPC Endpoints - Lab - VPC Endpoints - Direct Connect & Direct Connect Gateway - AWS PrivateLink - VPC Endpoint Services - AWS ClassicLink - Transit Gateway 	1		3	- Site to Site VPN, Virtual Private Gateway & Customer Gateway - Lab - Site to Site VPN, Virtual Private Gateway & Customer Gateway - IPv6 for VPC - Lab - IPv6 for VPC - Egress Only Internet Gateway - Lab - Egress Only Internet Gateway	1	2
	1,2,4	4	5, 6	- VPC Traffic Mirroring Industry Class: Cloud Networking	2		3	- Networking Costs in AWS Weekly Assignment High Availability and Scalability in Cloud		
7	1,2	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		 - High Availability and Scalability - Elastic Load Balancer (ELB) and Auto Scaling Groups (ASG) - Classic Load Balancer (CLB) - Lab - CLB - Application Load Balancer (ALB) - Lab - ALB 	2	1
	1,2	1,3	2	 Network Load Balancer (NLB) Lab - NLB Gateway Load Balancer (GWLB) Elastic Load Balancer 	1		3	- Elastic Load Balancer- SSL Certificates- Elastic Load Balancer- Connection Draining	1	2

				- Sticky Sessions				- Auto Scaling Groups (ASG) Overview		
				- Elastic Load Balancer				- Lab - ASG		
				- Cross Zone Load Balancing						
				- Auto Scaling Groups						
				- Scaling Policies				- Amazon RDS Overview		
				- Lab - Auto Scaling Groups						
	1,2,4	2,3,4	3	- Scaling Policies	1		3	- RDS Read Replicas vs Multi AZ - Lab - Amazon RDS	1	2
				Databases in Cloud						
				- Introduction				- RDS Encryption + Security		
				- Amazon RDS, Aurora, ElasticCache						
	1,2,4			- Amazon Aurora				- ElasticCache Overview		
	1,2,4	2,3,4	4	- Lab - Amazon Aurora	1		3	- Lab - ElasticCache	1	2
				- Aurora - Advanced Concepts				- Lab - ElasticCache		
			5	CIE 2 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,2,4	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Databases in AWS	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
								Cloud Storage Service		
								- AWS Storage Services		
								- Amazon S3 - Section Introduction		
8	1,2,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review		4		- S3 Buckets and Objects	1	2
0	1,4,3	4,3,4	1	Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		- Lab - S3 Buckets and Objects	1	4
								- S3 Versioning		ļ
								- Lab - S3 Versioning		
								- S3 Encryption		

							- Lab- S3 Encryption		
	1,2,5	2,3,4	2	- S3 Security & Bucket Policies - Lab - S3 Security & Bucket Policies - S3 Websites - S3 CORS - Lab - S3 CORS	1	3	- S3 Consistency Model - S3 MFA Delete - Lab - S3 MFA Delete - S3 Default Encryption - S3 Access Logs - Lab - S3 Access Logs - S3 Replication (Cross Region and Same Region)	1	2
8	1,2,5	2,3,4	3	 - Lab - S3 Replication - S3 Pre-signed URLs - Lab - S3 Pre-signed URLs - S3 Storage Classes + Glacier - Lab - S3 Storage Classes + Glacier 	1	3	 - S3 Lifecycle Rules - Lab - S3 Lifecycle Rules - S3 Analytics - S3 Performance - S3 Event Notifications 	1	2
	1,2,5	2,3,4	4	- Athena Overview - Lab - Athena - AWS Snow Family Overview - Lab - AWS Snow Family - Amazon FSx - Lab - Amazon FSx	1	3	Storage Gateway OverviewLab - Storage GatewayAWS Transfer FamilyCompare AWS Storage options	1	2
			5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,2,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Cloud Storage Service	2	3	Weekly Assignment		

	2,3,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		DNS Services and Content Delivery - What is DNS? - AWS Route 53 Overview - Route 53 - Registering a domain - Route 53 - Creating our first records - Route 53 - EC2 Setup - Route 53 - TTL	1	2
9	1,2,3,5	2,3,4	2	 Route 53 CNAME vs Alias Routing Policy - Simple, Weighted Routing Policy - Latency Route 53 - Health Checks Lab - Route 53 - Health Checks Routing Policy - Failover, GeoLocation, Geoproximity 	1		3	- Lab - Routing Policy - Traffic Flow & Geoproximity Hands On - Routing Policy - Multi Value - 3rd Party Domains & Route 53 - What is CDN? - Advantages of CDN - CloudFront & AWS Global Accelerator	1	2
	1,2,3,5	2,3,4	3	- CloudFront Overview - Lab - CloudFront with S3 - CloudFront Signed URL / Cookies - CloudFront Advanced Concepts - AWS Global Accelerator – Overview - Lab - AWS Global Accelerator	1		3	Serverless Computing in Cloud - What is Serverless computing? - Benefits of serverless computing - Serverless application patterns - Serverless computing in AWS	1	2
				- AWS Lambda Overview - Lab - Lambda - Lambda Limits - Lambda@Edge - Amazon DynamoDB - Lab - Amazon DynamoDB				- AWS Lambda Overview - Lab - Lambda - Lambda Limits - Lambda@Edge - Amazon DynamoDB - Lab - Amazon DynamoDB		_

			5	CIE 3 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2,3,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: DNS & Serverless	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
	2,3,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		Container Services - The need for containers - Introduction to Docker - Lab - Deploying Docker on a virtual machine	1	2
	1,2,3,5	2,3,4	2	 - Lab - Running the nginx container on the Linux VM - Lab - Practice Docker commands - The need for an image registry 	1		3	Amazon ECR - Lab - Amazon ECR - Publishing to Amazon ECR	1	2
10	1,2,3,5	2,3,4	3	Amazon ECS - Lab - Creating ECS Cluster - Lab - Creating ECS Service - Amazon ECS - Auto Scaling, Rolling Updated and Solutions Architectures	1		3	Kubernetes - What is Kubernetes? - Kubernetes components - Learn Kubernetes Basics	1	2
	2,3,5	2,3,4	4	- Create a Cluster in Kubernetes- Deploy an App ('Hello World' webpage)- Explore your App	1		3	- Expose your App Publicly - Scaling your App Amazon EKS Overview	1	2
			5	Development Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	2,3,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Container Services and Kubernetes	2		3	Weekly Assignment		

2,3,5	2,3,4	2	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Overview - Creating Beanstalk Environment	1	4	3	Disaster Recovery and Migrations - Disaster Recovery in AWS - Database migration service (DMS) - Lab - DMS - Datasync Overview - AWS Backup - Lab - AWS Backup - Transferring large datasets into AWS - Beanstalk CLI and Deployment Process - Beanstalk lifecycle policy overview and hands-on - Beanstalk Extensions - Beanstalk and Cloudformation	1		2
2,3,5	2,3,4	3	- Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit overview - Lab- CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview	1		3	- Beanstalk with Docker - Beanstalk Cleanup - CodeDeploy Overview - Lab – CodeDeploy - CodeStar Overview - Lab – CodeStar - CodeArtifact Overview			3
	2,3,5	2,3,5 2,3,4	2,3,5 2,3,4 2	2,3,5 2,3,4 2 AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Overview - Creating Beanstalk Environment - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit overview - Lab- CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Overview - Creating Beanstalk Environment - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit overview - Lab - CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab - CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Overview - Creating Beanstalk Environment - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit overview - Lab – CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Overview - Creating Beanstalk Environment - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit overview - Lab- CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk CUI and Deployment Process - Beanstalk CII and Deployment Process - Beanstalk Extensions - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview - Lab – CodeArtifact Overview	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk - Introduction - Elastic Beanstalk Coverview - Creating Beanstalk Environment - Beanstalk Deployment modes - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode 2,3,5 2,3,4 3 2,3,4 3 2,3,4 3 2,3,4 3 AWS CI/CD - Introduction to CI/CD in AWS - CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview - CodeArtifact Overview	2,3,5 2,3,4 1 Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review AWS Elastic Beanstalk Introduction Elastic Beanstalk Coverview - Creating Beanstalk Deployment Mode - Lab – Beanstalk Deployment Mode AWS CI/CD Introduction to CL/CD in AWS - CodeCommit - CodePipeline Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview - CodeArtifact Overview - CodeArtifact Overview - CodeArtifact Overview - CodeArtifact Overview - Lab – CodePipeline - CodeBuild Overview - Cab – Database migration service (DMS) - Lab – Database migration service (DMS) - Lab – Database migration service (DMS) - Lab – DMS - Lab – DMS - Lab – Datasync Overview - AWS Backup - Lab – AWS Backup - Lab – AWS Backup - Beanstalk CLI and Deployment Process - Beanstalk lifecycle policy overview and hands-on - Beanstalk Extensions - Beanstalk and Cloudformation - Beanstalk with Docker - Beanstalk Cleanup - CodeDeploy Overview - Lab – CodeDeploy - CodeDeploy - CodeDeploy - CodeDeploy - CodeDeploy - CodeStar Overview - Lab – CodeStar - CodeArtifact Overview

	2,3,5	2,3,4	4	AWS CloudFormation - CloudFormation Overview - Lab – CloudFormation Create Stack - Lab – CloudFormation Update and delete Stack - YAML crash course - CloudFormation Resources - CloudFormation Parameters	1		3	 CloudFormation Mappings CloudFormation Outputs CloudFormation Conditions CloudFormation Intrinsic Functions CloudFormation RollBacks CloudFormation Changesets, Nested Stacks and StackSet CloudFormation Drift 		3
			5	CIE 4 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	2,3,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Disaster Recovery and Migrations	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
12	3	2,3	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		Monitoring and Auditing - AWS Monitoring - CloudWatch Metrics - CloudWatch Custom Metrics and Dashboards - CloudWatch Logs - Lab - CloudWatch Logs	2	1
	2,3,5	2,3,4	2	 - CloudWatch Agent & CloudWatch Logs Agent - CloudWatch Alarms - Lab - CloudWatch Alarms - AWS CloudWatch Events - Amazon EventBridge 	1		3	- AWS CloudWatch Events- Amazon EventBridge- CloudTrail Overview- Lab - CloudTrail		3

	2,3,5	2,3,4	3	- AWS Config - Overview - Lab - AWS Config - CloudTrail vs CloudWatch vs Config - AWS Cost Explorer	1		3	Cloud Security - Introduction - Defense in depth in security - AWS Security & Encryption - KMS Overview - Lab - KMS with CLW		3
	5	3,4	4	- KMS Key Rotation - SSM Parameter Store Overview - Lab - SSM Parameter Store (CLI) - Lab - SSM Parameter Store (AWS Lambda) - AWS Secrets Manager - Overview - Lab - AWS Secrets Manager	1		3	- CloudHSM - Shield - DDoS Protection - Web Application Firewall (WAF) - Lab - WAF & Shield - Amazon GuardDuty - Amazon Inspector - Macie - AWS Well Architected Framework with more focus on Security		3
			5	Development Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	4	2,3	6	Industry Class: Cloud Monitoring & Security	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
13	1	3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		Microsoft Azure Cloud Overview - Regions, Region Pairs, Sovereign Regions - Availability Zones and Data Centers - Resources, Resource Groups, Subscriptions, Management Groups - Overview of Azure Services - VM and App Services - Azure Storage and Data Services	1	2

1,2,3	3,4	2	Azure Active Directory - Introduction to Azure Active Directory - Azure Active Directory Features - Azure Subscriptions - Creating an Azure subscription - Trust between Azure Subscription and Azure AD - Creating a user in Azure AD		4	- Azure Networking Services and Microservices - Tour of the Azure Portal - Azure Free Account - Creating an Azure Free Account - MFA or 2FA in azure - Lab - MFA on per user basis - Conditional Access Policies - Lab - Conditional Access Policies - Azure Powershell and Azure CLI - Azure CLI Hands on - What is Powershell - Installing Powershell in Azure - Quick look at a couple of commands - Installing Azure CLI	1	2
1,3	2,3,4	3	Cloud Compute Services in Azure - Azure Virtual Machines - The Virtual Machine Service - Deploying a Virtual Machine - Lab - Building a Windows Virtual Machine - Connecting to the Virtual Machine - Lab - Installing IIS	1	3	- State of the Virtual Machine - Lab - State of the Virtual Machine - Lab - Building a Linux Virtual Machine - Lab - Deploying a web server on the Linux virtual machine	1	2

13	1,3	3,4	4	Cloud Networking Services in Azure - Virtual Networks - Introduction - The network interface - Lab - Working with Azure virtual networks - Lab - Deploying a machine to the virtual network - Attaching a secondary network interface - Lab - Adding a secondary network interface	1		3	- Network Security Groups - Lab - Network Security Groups (Working with rules, Priority setting, Subnets) - Virtual Network Peering - Lab - Virtual Network Peering - Setup and Implementation - Virtual private network		3
			5	CIE 5 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment review & corrective action		3
	2,3,5	2,3,4	6	Industry Class: Networking Services in Azure	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
14	1,5	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review		4		High Availability and Scalability in Azure Cloud - Explore Availability and Scalability in Azure - Availability Sets - Lab - Availability Sets - Use case scenario - Availability sets - Availability Zones	1	2

2,3	2,3,4	2	Database Services in Azure - Azure Database Service - Major Database Features - Database on VM - Azure SQL - Which Azure SQL to Choose? - Creating and Connecting to Azure SQL - Connecting the Catalog to the Database - Securing the Database Connection	1	3	- Lab - Availability Zones - Azure virtual machine scale sets Cloud Storage Service in Azure - Azure Storage Data Services - Introduction - Benefits of Azure Storage - What are storage accounts - Different types of storage accounts - Lab - Creating an Azure storage account - Azure Blob service - Lab - Blob service - Uploading a blob, Accessing the blob	1	2
2,3	3	3	DNS Services and Content Delivery in Azure - Azure Private DNS - Lab- Azure Private DNS - Azure Public DNS - Azure CDN - Azure CDN Features	1	3	- How to use Azure CDN? - Lab - Create Azure CDN - Create a storage account - Enabling CDN for storage account		3
2,3	2,3,4	4	Serverless Computing in Azure - Azure Serverless - How Azure Does Serverless - Overview of Azure Functions	1	3	 - Lab - Creating and Testing a Azure Function - Logic Apps - Lab - Creating an Testing a Logic App 		3

14			5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
14	3	2,3	6	Industry Class: Cloud Databases	2	3	Weekly Assignment		
	1	2,3,4	1	Peer Review Mini Project/ Activity – Status review			Container Services in Azure - Azure Container Registry - Lab - Azure Container Registry - Publishing to the Azure Container Registry - Publishing to the Azure Container Registry - Resources	2	1
15	1,2,3	2,3,4	2	Azure Container Instances - Lab - Azure Container Instances and Azure Container Groups	2	2	Kubernetes in Azure - Azure Kubernetes Services (AKS) Overview - Lab - Deploying an Azure Kubernetes cluster - Lab - Deploying our application	1	2
	1,2, 3,4,5	2,3, 4,6	3	Azure Cloud Monitoring - Azure Monitor Service - Quick look at Azure Monitor - Lab - Azure Monitor - Alerts	2	2	- What is a Log Analytics Workspace - Lab - Creating a Log Analytics workspace		3
	2,3	3,4	4	Azure Cloud Security - VM Security Best Practices - Networking Security Best Practices		4	Database Security Best PracticesZero Trust securityAzure Key Vault		3

15			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment review & corrective action		3
13	1,3	5	6	Industry Class: Networking Services in Azure	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
16	1 to 4	2,3, 4,6		a) Secondary research on various industries and their operations to identify at least 3 companies along with the areas of work interest and develop an internship plan that clearly highlights expectations from the industry during the internship. b) Design and develop a cover letter for an internship request to all 3 identified companies and the resume to be submitted to potential companies. c) Prepare for an internship interview to highlight your interests, areas of study, career aspirations and personnel competence – including the areas of learning you expect to learn during internship.	2	4	19	a) Identification of the problem statement (from at least 3 known problems) the students would like to work as part of the project – either as provided by faculty or as identified by the student. Document the impact the project will have from a technical, social and business perspective. b) Design and develop the project solution or methodology to be used to solve at least one of the problems identified. c) Prepare a project plan that will include a schedule, WBS, Budget and known risks along with strategies to mitigate them to ensure the project achieves the desired outcome.	4	11

**Note: Saturday session from 9 A.M. -2 P.M.

Government of Karnataka

Department of Collegiate and Technical Education

JSS POLYTECHNIC FOR THE DIFFERENTLY ABLED, MYSURU-06

Program	Computer Science & Engineering	Semester	5
Course Code	3454	Type of Course	L:T:P (128:64:384)
Course Name	Cyber Security	Credits	24
CIE Marks	240	SEE Marks	160

Introduction:

Welcome to the curriculum for the Cyber Security Specialization. This specialization course is taught in Bootcamp mode. Bootcamps are 15 weeks, intense learning sessions designed to prepare you for the practical world – ready for either industry or becoming an entrepreneur. You will be assisted through the course, with development-based assessments to enable progressive learning.

In the era of connected computing devices, securing the personal data, application, system, network and organization becomes the challenging task in the field of Computer science and Engineering. The specialization prepare students to take up job or to become entrepreneur in the challenging area of Cyber security

Pre-requisite

Before the start of this specialization course, you would have completed the following courses;

In the 1st year of study, you would have studied Engineering Mathematics, Communication Skills, Computer Aided Engineering Graphics, Statistics & Analysis, Basic IT Skills, Fundamentals of Computer, Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Project Management skills and Multimedia & Animation.

In the 2nd year of study, you would have studied Python Programming, Computer Hardware, Maintenance and Administration, Computer Networks, Database System Concepts and PL/SQL, Data Structures with Python, Operating System and Administration, Object oriented programming and Design with Java, Software Engineering principles and practices.

In this year of study, you shall be applying your previous years learning along with specialised field of study into projects and real-world applications.

Course Cohort Owner

A Course Cohort Owner is a faculty from the core discipline, who is fully responsible for one specialised field of study and the cohort of students who have chosen to study that specialised field of study.

Guidelines for Cohort Owner

- 1. Each Specialized field of study is restricted to a Cohort of 20 students which could include students from other relevant programs.
- 2. One faculty from the Core Discipline shall be the Cohort Owner, who for teaching andlearning in allied disciplines can work with faculty from other disciplines or industry experts.
- 3. The course shall be delivered in boot camp mode spanning over 15 weeks of study, weekly developmental assessments and culminating in a mini capstone.
- 4. The industry session shall be addressed by industry subject experts (in contact mode/online / recorded video mode) in the discipline only.
- 5. The cohort owner shall be responsible to identify experts from the relevant field andorganize industry session as per schedule.
- 6. Cohort owner shall plan and accompany the cohort for any industrial visits.
- 7. Cohort owner shall maintain and document industrial assignments, weekly assessments, practices and mini project.
- 8. The cohort owner shall coordinate with faculties across programs needed for their course toensure seamless delivery as per time table
- 9. The cohort owner along with classroom sessions can augment or use supplementally teaching and learning opportunities including good quality online courses available on platforms like Karnataka LMS, Infosys Springboard, NPTEL, Unacademy, SWAYAM, etc.

Course outcome: A student should be able to

Design, optimize, operate and maintain a secure network/system/application/cloud and data
resources for given requirements
Apply cryptography to secure a cyber system.
Respond to incidents to mitigate immediate and potential threats .
Test, implement, deploy, maintain and review the infrastructure to effectively manage the network and resources.
Monitor network to actively remediate unauthorized activities.

CO-PO / PSO MAPPING MATRIX:

COURSE NAME	CO's			Progr	am Ou (POs)	tcomes			Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2		
	CO1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
CMBED	CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
CYBER SECURITY	CO3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
SECURITI	CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
	CO5	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
. A v	erage	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3		
	Level	3- Hi	ghly M	apped,	Leve	el 2-Mo	deratel	у Марре	ed,			
		Level	1-Low	Mappe	d, Le	evel 0-N	lot Maj	ped				

COURSE-PO / PSO MAPPING MATRIX:

COURSE NAME	Program Outcomes (POs)							Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2
CYBER SECURITY	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

Detailed course plan

Week	СО	PO	Days	1st session (9am to 1 pm)	L	Т	P	2 ND session (1.30pm to 4.30pm)	L	Т	P
1	1	1	1, 2	 Protecting your personal data Online identity Where is your data? Smart devices What do attackers want? Identity theft Protecting your organization data Traditional data Cloud; IoT; Big data Types of data Sensitive and non sensitive data Personal data, PII data Data classification Ex: Govt. of India classification of data Unclassified Restricted Confidential Secret Top secret 	4			Introduction and Basic concepts of cyber security What is Cyber security, Security principles CIA, AAA Vulnerability, Threat, Risk, attack and Impact People, Process and Technology McCumbers Cube Cyber Security Brief history and types Infrastructure, network, cloud, IOT, application. Purpose and Importance Challenges Applications How does cyber security work?	3		

1 1, 5	3, 4	Recap – Topology OSI Model TCP/IP Model Internet protocols Network resources Router and Firewall, Hub, switch – securityissues Basic Network terminologies	3		1	Hackers Who are they? What is not hacking Types of hackers Hacking methodologies Purpose Activity: Stuxnet - a case study	1	2
1, 1, 2, 2, 3 3	1, 2	Developmental Assessment Analysing a Cyber Attack Types of Malwares Spyware Malware Backdoor Ransomware Scareware Rootkit Virus Trojan horse Worms Symptoms of attack Methods of Infiltration Social Engineering Pretexting Tailgating Something for something (quid pro quo) Denial-of-Service and DDoS Botnet On the Path attack	3	1		- Defence in depth - What is defence in depth - Layers - Needs for Defence in depth - Examples - Host encryption - Anti-virus - Firewall - E-Mail gateway - Password management - Honeypot - Multi Factor Auth		3

2				SEO Poisoning Wi-Fi Password Cracking Password Attacks Password spraying Dictionary attack Brute force Password Cracking Times Rainbow Traffic interception Advanced Persistent Threats Security Vulnerability and Exploits Hardware Vulnerabilities Meltdown and Spectre Software Vulnerabilities Categorizing Software Vulnerabilities Software updates						
	1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3	3,	Data Maintenance Using free tools Back Up Your Data How Do You Delete Your Data Permanently? Tools Who owns your data? Terms of service Understand the term; what are you agreeing to? The data use policy Privacy settings Before you sign up protect your data Activity: Check terms of service of the popular application you use on your phone and check their data sharing policy, access to device etc.	2	1	1	Protecting Your Computing Devices turn the firewall on install antivirus and antispyware manage your operating system and browser set up password protection.		3

				Safeguarding Your Online Privacy Two Factor Authentication Open Authorization Social Sharing Email and Web Browser Privacy Activity: Discover your own risky online behaviour Scenario 1: posting private info on social media Scenario 2: What password you choose when creating new account for social service Scenario 3: Using public Wi-Fi - Scenario 4: Using trial version of the software Activity: Check if your password is compromised Note: Use Have I been pwned -						
			5	Developmental Assessment				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,2	2,3, 4	6	class: Cyber security at workplace	2		3	Weekly Assignment(1PM-2PM)		
Refer	ence m	nateria	s : skil	lsforall.com – Introduction to Cyber security						
3	1,2, 3,4	2,3,	1	Peer review Project / activity Propose problem statement		4		Why Do We Need a Version Control System? Fundamentals of Git Git installation and setup basic local Git operations creating a repository,	1	2

						 cloning a repository, making and recording changes staging and committing changes, viewing the history of all the changes undoing changes 		
2,3	2, 3, 4	2	History of cryptography (overview: Caesar cipher, enigma cipher) Introduction (high level overview only) Enc (sym - stream + block ciphers, asym) Hashing Digital signature, MAC - PRNG	2	2	Algebra: groups, rings, fields - definitions + examples AES (SPN structure, rounds, modes of operation - high level overview with diagram) MAC + SHA2/3 (high level + security requirements))	1	2
2,	2, 3, 4	3	RSA (with numerical examples) Digital signature (RSA)	2	2	Number theory - primes, modular arithmetic, gcd, Euler totient function - definitions + examples	1	2
2,3	2,3,	4	Practice sessions/ student activities: - Numerical/programming exercises: subset of math / Caesar cipher / one time pad / RSA / GCD / primality Cryptanalysis (brute force over keys, birthday attacks on hash functions, hardness of	1	3	Practice sessions/ student activities: Inspect digital certificates using a web browser and visiting popular websites - Identify the crypto algorithms in TLS - Design a toy crypto algorithm like key generation + encryption + decryption / digital signature / hash function		3

		factoring integers, discrete log problem, side- channel attacks – high level overview) Applied crypto (PKI, Full disk encryption, blockchain: overview					
	5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	6	Industrial class: Application of cryptography	2	3	Weekly Assignment		

References:

- https://www.youtube.com/user/Computerphile YouTube channel by Dr. Mike Pound
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031/ : Cryptography and Network Security by Prof. Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, IIT Kharagpur
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/crypto : by Prof. Dan Boneh, Stanford University
- <u>http://williamstallings.com/Cryptography/</u> student resources by Prof. William Stallings

design requirements vulnerabilities in different OSIIayers and protocols (TCP, UDP, IP, ICMP)	4	1,4 2,3,	' 1	Peer review Project / activity Propose problem statement and network design requirements		4		·			3	
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1,5	2,3,	2	Network Security : Concepts- Firewall, IDS, IPS, VPN	2	2	Protocols : IPSec, SSL, TLS (versions and vulnerabilities)	1	2
1,5	1,4	3	Web Security : Concepts-HTTP, HTML, Frames, browser design	2	2	Attacks and vulnerabilities: Injection attacks : SQL, HTTP header, OS command	1	2
1,5	2,3,	4	o Wireless Security : Introduction to security issues in cellular networks, WIFI, LAN systems, RFID systems	2	2	- DOS attacks, countermeasures (in relation to wireless networks)	1	2
		5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
2,3	2,3,	6	Industrial class: High availability and load balancing	2	3	Weekly Assignment		

References:

- https://www.cisco.com/c/en_in/products/security/what-is-network-security.html
- https://purplesec.us/firewall-penetration-testing/
- 3. How hackers do it: Tricks, Tools, and Techniques
- 4. https://cse29-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031/ : Cryptography and Network Security by Prof. Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, IIT Kharagpur.
 6. https://wiki.apnictraining.net/netsec-20220627-bdnog14/agenda

						Windows Security			l
				Peer review		Windows Security Infrastructure			
5	2,3,	2,3,	1	Project status review	4	Windows Family of Products	2	1	ĺ
	3	4		Demonstration of artifacts of the project		Windows Workgroups and Accounts			ĺ
						Windows Active Directory and Group Policy			

			Z4 / COMI OTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING			Windows Access Controls		
			Windows as a Service			NTFS Permissions		
			End of Support			Shared Folder Permissions		
			Servicing Channels			Registry Key Permissions		
1,2,	2,3,		Windows Update			Active Directory Permissions		
3,5	4	2	Windows Server Update Services	2	2	Privileges	1	2
			Windows Autopilot Windows Virtual Desktop Third-			BitLocker Drive Encryption		
			Party Patch Management			Secure Boot		
			Practice: Process observation and analysis			- Practice : NTFS file system practical		
			with Process Hacker			using NTFS Permissions Reporter		
			Enforcing Security Policy			Linux Security		
			Applying Security Templates			Linux Fundamentals		
			Employing the Security Configuration and			Operating System Comparison		
			Analysis Snap-in			Linux Vulnerabilities		
			Understanding Local Group Policy Objects			Linux Operating System		
			Understanding Domain Group Policy Objects			Shell		
1,2,	2,3,	3	Administrative Users	2	2	Kernel	1	2
3,5	4		Privileged Account Management			Filesystem		
			Reduction of Administrative Privileges			Linux Unified Key Setup		
			AppLocker			Linux Security Permissions		
			User Account Control			Linux User Accounts		
			Windows Firewall			Pluggable Authentication Modules		
			IPsec Authentication and Encryption			Built-in Command-Line Capability		

				Remote Desktop Services Recommended GPO Settings. Practice: Auditing and enforcement of system baseline configurations with security templates PowerShell scripting and automation techniques				Service Hardening Package Management		
	1,2, 3,5	2,3,	4	Linux Security Enhancements and Infrastructure Operating System Enhancements SE Linux App Armor Linux Hardening Address Space Layout Randomization Kernel Module Security SSH Hardening Open SCAP CIS Hardening Guides and Utilities	2		2	Log Files Key Log Files Syslog Syslog Security Log Rotation Centralized Logging Audit id Firewalls: Network and Endpoint Rootkit Detection	1	2
			5	CIE 1 : Written and practice test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
6	1,2, 3,5 1,2,	2,3, 4 2,3,	6	Industrial Class : System Security Peer review	2	4	3	Weekly Assignment Introduction to Application Security	2	1
U	3,4, 5	4	1	Project status review		7		Secure SDLC		1

Development – How was it created, Why is it important? How does it work. Types of Application Software – Thick Client, Web Applications, Web Services, RESTFul Services, Middle Ware, Mobile Applications etc (Give an example of each). Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices 2 2 Development – How was it created, Why is it important? How does it work. Types of Application Software – Thick Client, Web Application Risk Profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Requirements, Establish Quality Gates) b. Design (Architecture Design Review and Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Risk Profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Response in the profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Response in the profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Requirements, Determine Control Response in the profile based on Security Requirements. Determine Control Requirements. Determine Control Response in the profile based on Security Requirements. Determine Contro		Introduction to Software Application		Provide a use case – Microsoft Secure SDLC
Types of Application Software – Thick Client, Web Applications, Web Services, RESTFul Services, Middle Ware, Mobile Applications etc (Give an example of each). Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Requirements (Determine Application Risk Profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Requirements, Establish Quality Gates) b. Design (Architecture Design Review and Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Development – How was it created, Why is it		Practice and Security controls covered in eachstage
Web Applications, Web Services, RESTFul Services, Middle Ware, Mobile Applications etc (Give an example of each). Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Profile based on Security Requirements, Determine Control Requirements, Determine Control Requirements, Design (Architecture Design Review and Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		important? How does it work.		at a higher level.
Services, Middle Ware, Mobile Applications etc (Give an example of each). Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Determine Control Requirements, Establish Quality Gates) b. Design (Architecture Design Review and Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Types of Application Software – Thick Client,		Requirements (Determine Application Risk
(Give an example of each). Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Web Applications, Web Services, RESTFul		Profile based on Security Requirements,
Explain Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Services, Middle Ware, Mobile Applications etc		Determine Control Requirements, Establish
Requirements, Design, Develop, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		(Give an example of each).		Quality Gates)
Requirements, Design, Develop, Operate and Purge. Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Threat Modeling) c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Explain Software Development Lifecycle –		b. Design (Architecture Design Review and
Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative etc. SDLC Best Practices Composition Analysis, Secret Detection, Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Requirements, Design, Develop, Deploy, Operate		
2 etc. SDLC Best Practices Deprecate unsafe functions, use of plugins in IDE, Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		and Purge.		c. Implementation (Static Analysis, Software
Solic Best Practices Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		Life Cycle Models – Waterfall, Agile, Iterative		Composition Analysis, Secret Detection,
SDLC Best Practices Safe Commit and Change Management in Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)		etc.		
Repositories) d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)	2	SDLC Best Practices		
d. Verification (Dynamic Analysis, Interactive Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
Application Security Testing, Fuzz Testing, Abuse use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
use case Testing, Architecture Verification). e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
e. Release (Run Time Application Self Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
Protection, Web Application Firewall, SOP for Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
Operations, Secure Provisioning, Deploymentand De commissioning)				
De commissioning)				
- f. Response (Incident Response).				De commissioning)
				- f. Response (Incident Response).

1,3, 4,5	2,3,	3, 4	Application Security – Requirements 1. Functional and Non Functional Requirements for an application 2. Security Requirements for an application 3. Determining Application Risk Profile Based on the security requirements. 4. Determining Control Requirements Based on Application Risk Profile and Eligibility Criteria for an application to undergo a certain security control. Establish Security Toll Gates	1	3	Application Security Design: Secure Architecture Review – For a given use case, with examples; conduct security architecture review using the OWASP standard.	1		2
		5	Development Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3	3
1,3, 4,5	2,3,	1, 2	Application Security Design – Threat Modelling. 1. Why Threat Modelling 2. What is Threat Modelling 3. Threat Modelling Methodologies – STRIDE, PASTA, OCTAVE, TRIKE, VAST. 4. Threat Model Ranking – DREAD, CVSS,CWSS etc. Threat Model Execution Phases: - Planning, Scoping, Deep Dive Discussions, Drawing a	1	3	- Using the Microsoft Threat Modeling methodology, execute a threat model fora given application architecture using Microsoft threat modeling tool.			3

210				Threat Model, Identifying Threats, Threat Objects, Security Controls, Threat Actors, Threat Traceability Matrix, Reporting and Debrief. Application Security – Implementation - Explain use of Security Tools within				Explain Secret Detection using tools like		
7	1,3, 4,5	2,3,	3,4	 Explain use of Security Tools within IDE. Static Code Analysis Tools – Explain with examples. Explain Software Composition Analysis, Identifying Software Dependencies and CVE in underlying libraries. Demonstrate a tool like OWASP Dependency Check. 	1		3	Githound. - Change Management during pre-commit and post-commit in repositories. - Safe SCM practices (Take Github as an example). - Highlight deprecated unsafe functions in common programming languages.		3
			5	CIE 2 – Written and Practice Test				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	1,2, 3,4, 5	2,3,	6	Industrial class : Source Code Scan using a commercial tool like Microfocus Fortify or Checkmarz.	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
8	1,2, 3,5	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		Application Security – Verification. Explain Dynamic Analysis using an example – owasp zap. Interactive Application Security Testing – Demonstrate using Contrast Security Tool.		3

			For a given site (local), conduct a dynamic			Introduce Manual Security Testing using OWASP		
2,3,	2,3, 4	2	analysis scan using OWASP ZAP, Check for		4	Testing Guide. Add Misuse case testing to the	1	2
3	4		False positives and create a report			framework in addition		
2,3,	2,3,	3	Conduct a manual security testing for a local web application or an API using proxy tools like burp suite/paros etc and provide a report. Compare the results of both manual and automated scans. Application Security – Release 1. Explain Run Time Application Self Protection – Contrast Security or Microfocus Fortify Software can be used as an example. 2. Def ine Web Application Firewall. Demonstrate using a tool. Elaborate on Standard Operating Procedure for Operations, Secure Provisioning, deployment and decommissioning	1	3	- 1. Cover OWASP ASVS and its aid as a tool in architecture verification. Introduce OWASP SAMM – to attain software assurance maturity.	1	2
2,3,	2,3,	4	Measurement of Application Security – Define Metrics, Type of Metrics (Operations, Efficiency, Quality etc). Example Application Security Metrics from OWASP.	1	3	For the previous run scans, define metrics and evaluate the values at operational level.		3
		5	Development assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3

					Weekly Assignment Weekly Assignment (Suggestive Student Activities)	
2,3,	2,3,	6	Industrial class: Dynamic Analysis using Qualys		1. Install Web Goat and do an automated scan using one of the dynamic analysis tools.	
3	7		Quarys		2. Follow up with a manual security testing with OWASP Testing guide as an aid and compare the results of automated and dynamic	
					scan.	

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- 2. https://www.synopsys.com/blogs/software-security/secure-sdlc/
- 3. https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/securityengineering/sdl
- 4. https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/securityengineering/sdl/threatmodeling
- 5. https://www.microsoft.com/en-in/download/details.aspx?id=49168
- 6. https://medium.com/@melsatar/software-development-life-cycle-models-and-methodologies-297cfe616a3a
- 7. https://owasp.org/www-project-application-security-verification-standard/
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- $23. \qquad https://www.geeks for geeks.org/functional-vs-non-functional-requirements/\\$
- 24. https://owaspsamm.org/model/design/threat-assessment/stream-a/
- $25. \qquad https://docs.42 crunch.com/latest/content/concepts/security_quality_gates.htm$

9	1,3,	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		Basics of cloud computing Why is cloud computing necessary? Introduction to key cloud services (Compute, storage, networking) Cloud delivery models IaaS v/s PaaS v/s SaaS Introduction to cloud vendors(Azure, AWS, GCP) Key Cloud Security Principles Shared responsibility model Principle of least privilege Defense in depth Threat actors, diagrams & trust boundaries Practice: Create a cloud account Create 2 accounts Setup 2Factor Authentication on both account	3
	1,3,	2,3,	2	Cloud asset management	1		3	Identity & Access management in the cloud Introduction to IAM Introduction to Federal Identity Management IAM Best Practices	3
								IAM Audit Intro to AWS/Azure clint and Web Portal	

	3,4	2,3,	3	Vulnerability management Discovering cloud misconfigurationRemediating vulnerabilities Tracking open vulnerabilities using cloud	1		3	Network security Security groups VPC WAF	1	2
	3,4	2,3,	4	Incident response - Log analysis - Events & alerts - Key metrics (MTTD & MTTR)	1		3	 Data protection in the cloud Data protection at rest and at transit Cloud data storage - AWS EBS, S3 / Azure SAS Secrets Management 		3
			5	CIE 3 – Written and Practice Test Secure a vulnerable cloud env				Assessment Review and corrective action		3
	3,4	2,3, 4	6	Industrial class: 1. Preventing DDoS in a cloud nativeenv Hybrid cloud env	2		3	Weekly Assignment		
10	1,3, 4,5	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		Intro to VAPT Developing a Hacker Mindset Ethics of Penetration Testing Goal of Penetration Testing Thinking like a Hacker ATT&CK Framework Overview Introduction to the framework Deep dive into the key topics	1	2

		Web Application Penetration Testing			 Reconnaissance Initial Access Privilege Escalation Lateral Movement Exfiltration Web Application Penetration Testing		
1,3, 2,3 4,5 4		Basics of Web O HTTP Methods O HTTP Requests & Response O Session management & Cookies		4	 Finding common web vulnerabilities (OWASP top 10) Burp Suite Essentials Practical: Setup Burp Suite on local machine and observe traffic of 1 website 		3
1,3, 2,3 4,5 4	,3, 3	 Cloud Penetration Testing Finding common cloud vulnerabilities Introduction to tools: Nessus, NMAP, Prowler 		4	Introduction to OSINT: ☐ Scanning the internet (example: Shodan) ☐ Google dorking ☐ Subdomain enumeration & asset monitoring		3
1,3, 2,4 4,5 4	,3, 4	Hands-on exercise 1: Complete 3 server-side and 3 client-side topic from Burp Suite academy: https://portswigger.net/web-security/learning-path	1	3	Hands-on exercise 2: Complete either the attacker or defender track in http://flaws2.cloud	1	2
	5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
1,3, 2,3 4,5 4	1 ()	Industrial class: How penetration testing is used in companies to improve their Security posture			Weekly Assignment		

	1,3, 4,5	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		Mobile Application Security Testing Basics of Mobile Application Introduction to Android Mobile OS Understanding Android Security Architecture Introduction to iOS Mobile OS Understanding iOS Security Architecture	1	2
11	1,3, 4,5	2,3,4,7	2	 Understanding Android Application security Reversing Android Application Package Analysing Android Application Certificates and Signatures Verifying Android Application Signatures Analysing the Android Manifest file 	1		3	 Installing Android Studio Installing Geny Motion Emulator (Free) Creating Android Virtual Devices Using Android Debug Bridge (ADB) to interact with the Android Virtual Devices (AVD) Transferring files between Host machine and AVD using ADB Installing Android Applications onto AVD via ADB 	1	2
	1,3, 4,5	2,3, 4,7	3	Setup the following tools onto your machine and reverse the application on the DIVA Android application. - Apktool - Dex2Jar - JDGUI			4	 Mobile Application Security Testing Introduction to Mobile OWASP Top 10 Burp Suite/OWASP Zap for Mobile Applications 	1	2

1,3, 4,5	2,3,	4	Setting up for Android Application SecurityTesting Install DIVA Android Application (https://github.com/payatu/diva-android) • Mobile Security Exploitation • Exploiting Insecure Data Storage • Exploiting Insecure CryptographicImplementations • Exploiting Data LeakageVulnerabilities	1	3	Exercise: Setup MobSF locally on your system andscan any 5 Android Applications.	1	2
		5	CIE 4 – Written and Practice Test			Assessment Review and corrective action		3
1,3, 4,5	2,3, 4	6	Industrial class: Bug bounty hunting			Weekly Assignment		

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- 2. NMAP Basics: https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/what-is-nmap-and-how-to-use-it-a-tutorial-for-the-greatest-scanning-tool-of-all-time/
- 3. HTTP Proxy:
 - a. Burp Suite Essentials: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoX0sUafNGbH9bmbIANk3D50FNUmuJIF3
 - b. OWASP Zed Attack Proxy: https://www.zaproxy.org/getting-started/
- 4. Vulnerability Scanning with Nessus: https://www.tenable.com/blog/how-to-run-your-first-vulnerability-scan-with-nessus
- 5. How to think like a Hacker: https://www.darkreading.com/vulnerabilities-threats/how-to-think-like-a-hacker

The Cuckoo's egg (book)

12	3,4	2,3,4,7	1	Peer review Project status review		4		Incident management introduction and objectives Stages and life cycle of incident management Tracking incidents Incident remediation Reporting and documentationIncident Closure Incident management teams and models Incident management services and integrationtools - Best practices of Incident Management	1	2
	3,4	2,3, 4, 7	2	Fundamentals CIA Threat Actors Different kinds of hackers Different kinds of teams – Blue, Red, Purple Criminal Groups Hactivist Groups APT Attack Vectors Protect/Prevent Detect/Respond Trust Positive vs False Positive Data Bits and Bytes	1		3	Network Quick revision of OSI model, encapsulation, IP, Subnets, TCP/UDP, well known ports, TCP/IP, Layer 2 Network Protocols Quick revision of SMTP, HTTP, HTRPS/TLS, DNS Web technologies Quick revision of DOM, CSS, Javascript, Ajax, MVC, Databases, SQL Authentical protocols	1	2

		 Charter Encoding (ASCII, UTF-8,Base64) File Magic Bytes, Hashes Imphash Ssdeep Windows & Linux Quick revision on basic commands, important files and directories, windows registry and processes, Audit in Linux 			· Quick revision of Kerberos, SAML, OpenID, OAuth		
3,4 2,3,	3, 3	Understanding the tools and products used in any organization Firewall, load balancers, proxy, email infrastructure, IDS, DNS, Ani-virus, Content Delivery Solutions, Malware Protection System, Endpoint Detection and Response, Network Access Control, Placement of all devices in the organization – Tier1, Tier 2, Tier 3, DMZ	1	3	Continued		3
3,4 2,3,	3, 4	 SIEM Understanding logs Email, Proxy, DNS, IDS, Firewall, AV,EDR, Web application, Unix, Windows Attack Types/Vectors Phishing, Malware, Distributed Denialof Service, Vulnerabilities (Infrastructure, Application, third party), Web attacks, Misconfigurations, Brute force 	1	3	Basics of Incident Response		3

			Attack Models		· Data vs Intelligence	
			· The cyber kill chain, MITRE ATT&CK		· Indicators of compromise (IoCs)	
			Framework, Pyramid of Pain		· Malware analysis	
					· Accessing IoCs	
					· Contacting threat intelligence	
					Analysis tools	
					· Anomaly	
					· Domain tools	
					· WhoIS	
					· Passive DNS	
					· Virus total	
					· Dynamic File analysis	
		5	Developmental Assessment		Assessment Review and corrective action	3
			Industrial class: Handling Internal and			
	2,3,		external incidents Complexity of Incident			
3,4	4, 7	6	management		Weekly Assignment	
			Demo of real world SOC			

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- 2. https://www.cisa.gov/uscert/bsi/articles/best-practices/incident-management
 https://www.infotech.com/research/ss/develop-and-implement-a-security-incident-management-program

13	3,4, 5	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		GRC (a) 1) Definition of GRC, introduction to IT governance (b) 2) Importance of GRC in cyber security (c) 3) Policies, processes and procedures (d) 4) Importance of checklists, templates and guidelines Enterprise risk management (a) Understanding risks that enterprises face — Operational Risks, Strategy Risks, Credit risks, Reputational risk, Market risks, Cyber risk (b) Cyber risk integration with Operational risk management	1	2
	3,4,	2,3, 4, 7	2, 3, 4	- Introduction to basics of risk management Probability, Impact: [Financial, Legal, Regulatory, Reputational], Threat, Risk Assessment, Risk Treatment: [Accept, Mitigate, Transfer, Avoid], Residual risk, risk acceptance, Control objective, Controls: Preventive control, detective control and corrective control	1		3	Patch management Importance of patch management; pre-requisites and sample patch management process Vulnerability Management Vulnerability management lifecycle understanding – Identify, Evaluate, Remediate, Report	1	2

5	Developmental Assessment Practice Session:			Types of vulnerabilities – Hardware, Network, Operating systems, Application, Human and Process related vulnerabilities Vulnerability Management process Assessment Review and corrective action		
3,4, 2,3, 5 4, 7 1,2	 (a) Define one control statement each for access control, physical security and backup management (b) Explain one human vulnerability with example and how it can be exploited including remedial measures (c) Design IT asset register template with 5 sample rows populated with data Give examples for each category of classified information in an organization – do a combination of government organization and private organisation 		4	ITIL Process overview – Incident Management, Problem Management, Change Management, Configuration Management, Release Management, Supplier Management, IT Security Management, Service level management, Capacity Management, Availability Management, Service continuity Management		3
	Security frameworks and Compliances		4	Cyber Security Governance:	1	2

14	3, 4	Introduction to standards/best practices/framework and its primary objective, ISO 27001, COBIT, PCI-DSS, Hi-Tech (HIPAA), NIST, IT Act 2000 (amendment in 2008), CERT- IN Guidelines. Regulatory requirements (a) RBI framework for banking (Cyber security framework, Gopalakrishna committee, UCB tiered framework) (b) SEBI framework for Securities market (c) Guidelines on Information and cyber security for insurers from IRDAI (d) TRAI requirements on security for telecom sector	(a) Security organization, Responsibilities and authority, Management/Board responsibilities on cyber security, Resource allocation and cyber security budget management, Security Education, training and awareness, Cyber metrics, KRI/KPIs	
	5	(e) GDPR CIE 5 – Written and Practice Test	Assessment Review and corrective action 3	

					Weekly Assignment (Suggestive Student
					Activities)
					(a) Identify use case of how changes or
					configuration in IT systems impacts security
					configuration resulting in cyber risk exposure
			Industrial class :		
3,4	2,3,	6	1. An industry perspective of GRC, VM		(b) Design a sample cyber security dashboard
3,4	4,7	U	and Security frameworks		for reporting to top management
			Demo of a GRC tool		
					(c) Give two KRI examples each for the
					following domains:
					a. Patch Management
					b. Anti-virus management
					c. Change Management

References:

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- 2) https://www.cybersaint.io/blog/what-is-grc
- 3) https://www.ibm.com/cloud/learn/grc
- 4) <u>https://unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/trade/Publications/WP6_ECE_TRADE_390.pdf</u>
- 5) https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/documents/PCI_DSS-QRG-v3_2_1.pdf
- 6) https://www.nist.gov/
- 7) https://www.isaca.org/resources/cobit

- 8) https://www.meity.gov.in/writereaddata/files/itact2000/it_amendment_act2008.pdf
- 9) https://www.coso.org/SitePages/Guidance-on-Enterprise-Risk-Management.aspx?web=1
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- 17) https://www.irdai.gov.in/ADMINCMS/cms/whatsNew_Layout.aspx?page=PageNo4315&flag=1
- 18) https://www.rapid7.com/fundamentals/patch-management/
- 19) https://www.rapid7.com/fundamentals/vulnerability-management-and-scanning/
- 20)https://www.techtarget.com/searchsecurity/tip/IT-security-frameworks-and-standards-Choosing-the-right-one
- 21) https://www.irdai.gov.in/ADMINCMS/cms/Uploadedfiles/07.04.2017-Guidelines%20on%20Information%20and%20Cyber%20Security%20for%20insurers.pdf

https://www.trai.gov.in/sites/default/files/RecommendationDataPrivacy16072018_0.pdf

	3,4,	2,3,	1	Peer review Project status review		4		DevOps and Security Challenges Understand the Core Principles and Patterns behind DevOps Recognize how DevOps works and identify keys to success	1	2
15	3,4,	2,3,	2	Secure DevOps tools and workflows Conduct effective risk assessments and threat modeling in a rapidly changing environment Design and write automated security tests and checks in CI/CD Understand the strengths and weaknesses of different automated testing approaches in Continuous Delivery Inventory and patch your software dependencies Wire security scanning into Jenkins, Code Pipeline, and Azure DevOps workflows	1		3	Pre-Commit Security Controls Rapid Risk Assessment Git Hook Security Code Editor Extensions Branch Protections CodeOwners Peer Reviews Commit Security Controls Static Analysis Security Testing Component Analysis	1	2
	3,4, 5	2,3,	3	Secrets Management Managing secrets in CI / CD			4	Cloud Infrastructure as Code		3

			Azure Key Vault			Introduction to Cloud Infrastructure as	\Box		ſ
			AWS SSM Parameter Store			Code			ł
						AWS Cloud Formation			ł
			AWS Secrets Manager						ł
			HashiCorp Vault			Terraform			l
						Deploying			ł
						Cloud Infrastructure as Code security analysis	\bot	\vdash	2
						Container Security Dockerfile and BuildKit Security Base Image Hardening with Hadolint and Conftest			
3,4,	2,3,	4	Configuration Management as Code Automating Configuration Management in CI / CD Using Ansible to Configure Virtual Machines Building Gold Images with Vagrant and Packer Certifying Gold Images with InSpec	1	3	Container Image Security Scanning Container Images with Docker Scan and Trivy Container Registry Security Container Scanning with AWS ECR and Azure ACR Container Runtime Security Exercises Attacking the DevOps Toolchain Version Control Security Automating Static Analysis Protecting Secrets with Vault Infrastructure as Code Network Hardening Gold Image Creation Container Security Hardening	1		
		5	Developmental Assessment			Assessment Review and corrective action			
		6	Industry Class :	2	3				

	Internship	Project
	a) Secondary research on various industries	a) Identification of the problem statement
	and their operations to identify atleast 3	(from at least 3 known problems) the students
	companies along with the areas of work interest	would like to work as part of theproject –
	and develop an internship plan that clearly	either as provided by faculty or as identified by
	highlights expectations from the industry	the student. Document the impact the project
	during the internship.	will have from a technical, social and business
	b)Design and develop a cover letter foran	perspective.
16	internship request to all 3 identified	b) Design and develop the project solution or
	companies and the resume to be submitted to	
	potential companies.	methodology to be used to solve atleast one of
		the problems identified.
	c) Prepare for an internship interview to	c) Prepare a project plan that will include a
	highlight your interests, areas of study, career	schedule, WBS, Budget and known risks along
	aspirations and personnel competence –	with strategies to mitigate them to ensure the
	including the areas of learning you expect to	project achieves the desired outcome.
	learn during internship.	

**Note: Saturday session from 9 AM -2 PM

CIE and SEE Assessment Methodologies

	CIE and SEE Assessment Methodologies		
CIE Assessment	Assessment Mode	Duration In hours	Max Marks
Week 5	CIE 1– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 7	CIE 2– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 9	CIE 3– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 11	CIE 4– Written and practice test	4	30
Week 14	CIE 5– Written and practice test	4	30
	On line Course work (Minimum 10 hours online course with certification from (SWAYAM/NPTEL/Infosys Springboard)		40
	Profile building for Internship / Submission of Synopsys for project work		20
(Based on ind	Portfolio evaluation lustrial assignments and weekly developmental assessment) *		30
	TOTAL CIE MARKS (A)		240
Conduc	SEE 1 - Theory exam (QP from BTE) cted for 100 marks 3 hrs duration reduced to 60 marks	3	60
	SEE 2 – Practical	3	100
	TOTAL SEE MARKS (B)		160
	TOTAL MARKS (A+B)	40	0

^{*} The industrial assignment shall be based on peer-to-peer assessment for a total of 10 marks (on a scale of 1 to 10) and in the event of a group assignment the marks awarded will be the same for the entire group, the developmental assessment will be for a total of 20 marks and based on MCQ/case study/demonstration and such other assignment methods.

Assessment framework for CIE

Note: Theory to be conducted for 1 hour and practice for 3 hours, total duration of exam – 4 hours $\,$

Progra	am	Computer Science & Engineering	Seme	ester	V		
Cours	e	Cyber Security	Max	Marks	30		
Cours	e Code	3454	Dura	tion	4 hours		
Name	of the course coordinator						
Note: A	Answer one full question from each	ch section.					
Qn. No	Q	uestion	CL L3/L4	со	РО	Marks	
	Section-1	(Theory) – 10 marks			•		
1. a)	Why do see this kind of "Capto difference does it make to any V	Web based application?	L4	1		6	
b)	Your creating new password for strengthen your password elabor	your online banking, how will you rate?	L4	1		4	
2. a)	Let p = 191 and q = 2. Alice pic Compute the shared secret betw Diffie-Hellman key exchange p	een Alice and Bob using	L4	1		5	
b)		A algorithm that uses primes $p = 5$ is 27, what is the decryption key?	L4	1		5	
	-	Section-2 (Practical) - 20 marks					
3 a)	You've just been issued with a rare getting ready to set it up. What steps would you take	new laptop at your organization and so secure it before use?	L4	1		10	

		Scheme of evaluation	
SI No		Description	Marks
	1	Setting up password	5
,	2	Installing antivirus and fire wall	10
,	3	Firewall Windows/Linux settings	5
		Total	20
		ion, decryption, digitalsignature or hash functi using any tool Scheme of evaluation	on)
S1 No		Description	Marks
	1	Designing crypto system	5
,	2	Key generation	5
	3	Encryption/Decryption	5
4	4	digital signature or hash function	5
		Total	20

Note: Theory questions shall be aligned to practical questions

Assessment framework for SEE (Theory) – 100 Marks / 3 hours (Reduced to 60 marks)

Prog. Cour	ramme: Computer Science & Engineering cyber Security			/						
	rse Code: 3454									
	Instruction to the Candidate:									
	Answer one full question from each section.		,							
Q.N		CL	CO	Marks						
	Section-1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
1.a)	Which is the security protocol applied at layer 3 of the OSI stack? What are its benefits	L3/L4		10						
b)	What is the need of defence in depth for a network?	L3/L4		10						
2.a)	How do you apply Microsoft Secure SDLC in each stage of software development?	L3/L4	1	12						
b)	Your creating new password for your online banking, how will you strengthen your password elaborate?									
	Section-2									
3.a)	Let $p = 191$ and $q = 2$. Alice picks $x = 42$ and B picks $y = 33$. Compute the shared secret between Alice and Bob using Diffie-Hellman key exchange protocol.	L3/L4		14						
b)	Find Euler totient function: $\varphi(255)$, $\varphi(256)$	L3/L4	2	6						
4.a)	Given an implementation of RSA algorithm that uses primes $p = 5$ and $q = 11$, if the encryption key is 27, what is the decryption key?									
b)	What is the final digit and two final digits of 310000?	L3/L4		8						
	Section- 3									
5.a)	Describe Stages and life cycle of incident management	L3/L4		12						
b)	What is the need of Dynamic File analysis?	L3/L4	3	8						
6.a)	Create a Threat Model for a social media Web Application at Design Time	L3/L4		10						
b)	Describe shared responsibility model in cloud	L3/L4		10						
	Section-4									
7.a)	How do you find vulnerability in your cloud based web application ? what are the common vulnerabilities ?	L4		12						
b)	Illustrate setting up multi factor authentication on any public cloud system	L3	4	8						
8.a)	Highlight deprecated unsafe functions in common programming languages	L4								
b)	What is the need of static code analysis, Static Code Analysis Tools – Explain with examples	L4		10						
	Section-5									
9.a)	Illustrate lifecycles of security incident management	L3		8						
b)	Design a sample cyber security dashboard for reporting to top management	L4	5	12						
10.a)	Identify use case of how changes or configuration in IT systems impacts security configuration resulting in cyber risk exposure	L4	5	12						
b)	Give two KRI examples each for the following domains: Patch Management Anti-virus management	L4		8						

Assessment framework for SEE 2 (Practice)

Problem Statement : Conduct Penetration testing on any web site/web application the vulnerabilities	tion a	nd report
Scheme of Evaluation		
1) Installing ZAP		20
2) Running an automated scan		20
 Exploring the application manually Explore pages protected by login Exploring web application over a defined sequence 		30
4) Prepare a vulnerability report		20
5) Viva-voce (about the attack on discovered vulnerability and possible solutions)		10
	Total	100

Note: Examiner to prepare/identify the web site/application to be tested and the vulnerabilities present in the web site/web application before exam Equipment/software list with Specification for a batch of 20 students

Sl. No.	Particulars	Specification	Quantity
1	Computers	Intel i5, 4GB RAM,500GB SSD	20
2	Cloud – AWS/AZURE/GCP or any similar public cloud environment		20
3	Broadband connection	Atleast 50MBPS	1